1	HOUSE BILL NO. 118
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the House Committee on Labor and Commerce
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteDelegate Sullivan)
6	A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 56-581.2, relating to electric utilities;
7	cost recovery for electric vehicle charging infrastructure.
8	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
9	1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 56-581.2 as follows:
10	§ 56-581.2. Transportation electrification.
11	A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:
12	"Community of color" has the same meaning as provided in § 2.2-234.
13	"Electrical distribution infrastructure" means equipment, structures, and associated engineering
14	and civil construction work designed to support electric vehicle charging stations, including poles, vaults,
15	service drops, transformers, mounting pads, trenching, conduit, wire, cable, meters, and other necessary
16	equipment.
17	"Environmental justice community" has the same meaning as provided in § 2.2-234.
18	"Fast-charging station" means a charging system capable of delivering at least fifty kilowatts of
19	direct current electrical power to an electric vehicle's rechargeable battery at a voltage of two hundred
20	volts or greater.
21	"Fenceline community" has the same meaning as provided in § 2.2-234.
22	"Low-income community" has the same meaning as provided in § 2.2-234.
23	"Phase I Utility" and "Phase II Utility" have the same meaning as provided for those terms in §
24	56-585.1.

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25	"Transportation electrification" means the use of electricity from external sources to power all or
26	part of passenger vehicles, trucks, buses, trains, boats, or other equipment that transport material, goods
27	or people.
28	B. The Commission shall require each Phase I and Phase II Utility to maintain accurate and full
29	accounting of all expenses related to electrical distribution infrastructure as it relates to this section.
30	C. A Phase I or Phase II Utility may file a proposed tariff or rule with the Commission to provide
31	utility-owned and utility-operated electrical distribution infrastructure between the main overhead or
32	underground lines and the customer electrical revenue meter available to customers installing separately
33	metered infrastructure to support electric vehicle charging stations, other than those in single-family
34	residences. The Commission shall approve and authorize or modify and approve such tariff or rule within
35	six months after such filing. Such proposal and such tariff or rule shall provide that related costs incurred
36	by such utility shall be tracked and reported separately and subject to recovery in accordance with the
37	requirements of § 56-585.1:13. In any proceeding in which the Commission reviews such costs, such costs
38	shall be evaluated by the same standards as costs incurred for other necessary and essential distribution
39	infrastructure. Customers may elect to take service under such a tariff or rule as an alternative to taking
40	service under existing line extension rules. This section shall not modify any arrangements for
41	contributions in aid of construction or other agreements in effect prior to the effective date of the rule or
42	tariff.
43	D. By October 15, 2025, and regularly thereafter, each Phase I and Phase II Utility shall file ar
44	application to accelerate widespread transportation electrification across the Commonwealth in a manner
45	designed to maximize ratepayer benefits. The Commission shall determine whether to approve and
46	authorize, modify and approve, or reject such application after notice and opportunity for hearing within
47	eight months after the filing of such application. Such application may include:
48	1. Programs to incentivize and facilitate the deployment of electric vehicle charging infrastructures
49	2. Rate designs or programs that encourage transportation electrification, support the efficient
50	operation of the electric grid, facilitate fuel cost savings, and support various categories of vehicles and

charging use cases, including public level 2 and direct-current fast-charging, workplace charging,

52	residential charging for multiunit dwellings, fleet and depot charging, non-road industrial areas, and
53	charging for medium-duty and heavy-duty vehicles; and
54	3. Targeted and broad customer education and outreach programs that increase the awareness of
55	related customer incentives and the benefits of transportation electrification.
56	4. At least 35 percent of such proposed costs of programs to accelerate widespread transportation
57	electrification shall be allocated to programs designed to benefit rural communities, low-income
58	communities, communities of color, environmental justice communities, or fenceline communities.
59	E. In considering applications filed pursuant to subsection D, the Commission shall consider
60	whether the proposed investments, incentives, programs, rate designs, and expenditures are:
61	1. Reasonably expected to increase access to transportation electrification, including for rural
62	communities, low-income communities, communities of color, environmental justice communities, and
63	fenceline communities;
64	2. Reasonably expected to provide lower fueling costs to consumers and fleet operators who charge
65	electric vehicles in a manner consistent with electric grid conditions;
66	3. Reasonably expected to improve the utility's electrical system efficiency, integration of variable
67	resources, operational flexibility, and system utilization during off-peak hours while also mitigating
68	increased peak demand;
69	4. Reasonably expected to expand access to public charging in a manner that does not result in
70	unreasonable competition with non-utility enterprises;
71	5. Reasonably expected to improve air quality; and
72	6. Transparent, including the incorporation of public reporting requirements to inform program
73	design and Commission policy.
74	F. Authorized investments and expenditures made pursuant to subsections D and E may allow for
75	a return on equity as approved by the Commission, rate recovery mechanisms that allow for earlier
76	recovery of costs, and performance-based incentive returns.

77	G. By May 1, 2025, each Phase I and Phase II Utility shall submit to the Commission estimates
78	and plans to serve load capacity needs to support widespread transportation electrification and a proposal
79	for a specific rate or set of rates for:
80	1. Electricity used to charge light-duty, medium-duty, and heavy-duty electric vehicles that (i)
81	encourage electric vehicle charging and (ii) support the efficient off-peak utilization of the electric grid;
82	<u>and</u>
83	2. Various categories of vehicles and charging use cases, including, as appropriate, public level 2
84	and direct-current fast-charging, workplace charging, residential charging in single-family and multiunit
85	dwellings, and fleet and depot charging.
86	H. Each Phase 1 and Phase II Utility shall update the plans and rates established pursuant to
87	subsection G annually, as determined by such utility, at its sole discretion, to be necessary.
88	I. Nothing in this section shall preclude a Phase I or Phase II Utility from proposing an electrical
89	distribution system investment designed to support electric vehicle charging stations in one or more plans
90	for electric distribution grid transformation filed pursuant to subdivision A 6 of § 56-585.1.
91	J. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 56-1.2:1, a Phase I or Phase II Utility may own and operate
92	a fast-charging station that is (i) open to the general public for the retail sale of electricity and (ii) whose
93	cost of purchase, installation, or operation is recovered in whole or in part from such utility's ratepayers,
94	only upon satisfaction of the following terms:
95	1. That such Phase I or Phase II Utility first files with the Commission a proposal under the
96	requirements of subsection D that identifies the specific location of the publicly available proposed fast-
97	charging station or stations, which location shall be at least 12 road miles away from an existing publicly
98	available fast-charging station, at which such utility seeks to own a publicly available fast-charging
99	station, according to what the Commission determines, at its sole discretion, is the latest publicly available
100	information.
101	2. The Commission approves or modifies and approves the proposed fast-charging station or
102	stations under a proposal submitted under the requirements of both subsection D and subdivision 1, after
103	the Commission has issued public notice that shall include:

104	a. The date such Phase I or Phase II Utility filed such proposal; and
105	b. The date by which a non-utility charging provider may submit written notice to the Commission
106	stating by affidavit such provider's intent to provide a publicly available fast-charging station within 12
107	road miles of any location or locations proposed pursuant to subdivision 1.
108	3. Within 90 days after the date of the public notice provided pursuant to subdivision 2, a non-
109	utility charging provider may submit written notice to the Commission stating by affidavit that such non-
110	utility charging provider:
111	a. Intends to provide a fast-charging station within 12 road miles of the proposed location or
112	locations described in subdivision 1;
113	b. Has, or is capable of acquiring, the right to use the property at which such non-utility charging
114	provider intends to install a fast-charging station;
115	c. Is capable of fully financing the complete installation and operation of such fast-charging station
116	or stations;
117	d. Has requested, or will request, the necessary electrical distribution infrastructure for such
118	property from a Phase I or Phase II Utility; and
119	e. Intends to place into publicly available service such fast-charging station or stations before the
120	later of (i) 18 months after the date such non-utility charging provider submits notice to the Commission
121	under this subdivision 3 or (ii) 12 months after the date of final completion of such electrical distribution
122	infrastructure by a Phase I or Phase II Utility.
123	4. A Phase I or Phase II Utility that files a proposal that is approved by the Commission under the
124	terms of this subsection and subsection D may proceed with construction of any such approved publicly
125	available fast-charging stations only after:
126	a. The Commission determines and communicates to such Phase I or Phase II Utility within 135
127	days of the public notice provided pursuant to subdivision 2 that the Commission did not receive from any
128	non-utility charging provider the notice as provided in subdivision 3; or
129	b. The Commission determines and communicates to such Phase I or Phase II Utility at least 21
130	months after the public notice provided pursuant to subdivision 2 but before 22 months after such public

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131	notice that no non-utility charging provider providing notice under the terms of subdivision 3 provided
132	the Commission with reasonable proof that a charging provider will place or has placed into publicly
133	available service any such fast-charging station within the period described in subdivision 3 e.
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