1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1496
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the House Committee on Communications, Technology and Innovation
4	on February 5, 2024)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteDelegate Rasoul)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact § 9.1-102 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by
7	adding in Article 1 of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1 a section numbered 9.1-116.9, relating to Department
8	of Criminal Justice Services; Surveillance Technology Registry established.
9	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
10	1. That § 9.1-102 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is
11	amended by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1 a section numbered 9.1-116.9 as follows:
12	§ 9.1-102. Powers and duties of the Board and the Department.
13	The Department, under the direction of the Board, which shall be the policy-making body for
14	carrying out the duties and powers hereunder, shall have the power and duty to:
15	1. Adopt regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the
16	administration of this chapter including the authority to require the submission of reports and information
17	by law-enforcement officers within the Commonwealth. Any proposed regulations concerning the
18	privacy, confidentiality, and security of criminal justice information shall be submitted for review and
19	comment to any board, commission, or committee or other body which may be established by the General
20	Assembly to regulate the privacy, confidentiality, and security of information collected and maintained
21	by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;
22	2. Establish compulsory minimum training standards subsequent to employment as a law-
23	enforcement officer in (i) permanent positions and (ii) temporary or probationary status and establish the
24	time required for completion of such training. Such compulsory minimum training standards shall include

- **25** crisis intervention training in accordance with clause (i) of § 9.1-188;
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26 3. Establish minimum training standards and qualifications for certification and recertification for 27 law-enforcement officers serving as field training officers; 28 4. Establish compulsory minimum curriculum requirements for in-service and advanced courses 29 and programs for schools, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth, which are operated for the 30 specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers; 31 5. Establish (i) compulsory minimum training standards for law-enforcement officers who utilize 32 radar or an electrical or microcomputer device to measure the speed of motor vehicles as provided in § 33 46.2-882 and establish the time required for completion of the training and (ii) compulsory minimum 34 qualifications for certification and recertification of instructors who provide such training; 35 6. [Repealed]; 36 7. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for those 37 persons designated to provide courthouse and courtroom security pursuant to the provisions of § 53.1-38 120, and to establish the time required for completion of such training; 39 8. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for 40 deputy sheriffs designated to serve process pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-293, and establish the time 41 required for the completion of such training; 42 9. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service, and advanced training standards, as well 43 as the time required for completion of such training, for persons employed as deputy sheriffs and jail 44 officers by local criminal justice agencies and correctional officers employed by the Department of 45 Corrections under the provisions of Title 53.1. For correctional officers employed by the Department of 46 Corrections, such standards shall include training on the general care of pregnant women, the impact of 47 restraints on pregnant inmates and fetuses, the impact of being placed in restrictive housing or solitary 48 confinement on pregnant inmates, and the impact of body cavity searches on pregnant inmates;

49 10. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all dispatchers employed by or in any
50 local or state government agency, whose duties include the dispatching of law-enforcement personnel.
51 Such training standards shall apply only to dispatchers hired on or after July 1, 1988;

52 11. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all auxiliary police officers employed
53 by or in any local or state government agency. Such training shall be graduated and based on the type of
54 duties to be performed by the auxiliary police officers. Such training standards shall not apply to auxiliary
55 police officers exempt pursuant to § 15.2-1731;

56 12. Consult and cooperate with counties, municipalities, agencies of the Commonwealth, other
57 state and federal governmental agencies, and institutions of higher education within or outside the
58 Commonwealth, concerning the development of police training schools and programs or courses of
59 instruction;

60 13. Approve institutions, curricula and facilities, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth,
61 for school operation for the specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers; but this shall not prevent
62 the holding of any such school whether approved or not;

63 14. Establish and maintain police training programs through such agencies and institutions as the64 Board deems appropriate;

65 15. Establish compulsory minimum qualifications of certification and recertification for instructors66 in criminal justice training academies approved by the Department;

67 16. Conduct and stimulate research by public and private agencies which shall be designed to68 improve police administration and law enforcement;

69 17. Make recommendations concerning any matter within its purview pursuant to this chapter;

18. Coordinate its activities with those of any interstate system for the exchange of criminal history
record information, nominate one or more of its members to serve upon the council or committee of any
such system, and participate when and as deemed appropriate in any such system's activities and programs;

19. Conduct inquiries and investigations it deems appropriate to carry out its functions under this chapter and, in conducting such inquiries and investigations, may require any criminal justice agency to submit information, reports, and statistical data with respect to its policy and operation of information systems or with respect to its collection, storage, dissemination, and usage of criminal history record information and correctional status information, and such criminal justice agencies shall submit such information, reports, and data as are reasonably required;

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20. Conduct audits as required by § 9.1-131;

80 21. Conduct a continuing study and review of questions of individual privacy and confidentiality81 of criminal history record information and correctional status information;

82 22. Advise criminal justice agencies and initiate educational programs for such agencies with
83 respect to matters of privacy, confidentiality, and security as they pertain to criminal history record
84 information and correctional status information;

85 23. Maintain a liaison with any board, commission, committee, or other body which may be
86 established by law, executive order, or resolution to regulate the privacy and security of information
87 collected by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

88 24. Adopt regulations establishing guidelines and standards for the collection, storage, and
 89 dissemination of criminal history record information and correctional status information, and the privacy,
 90 confidentiality, and security thereof necessary to implement state and federal statutes, regulations, and
 91 court orders;

92 25. Operate a statewide criminal justice research center, which shall maintain an integrated
93 criminal justice information system, produce reports, provide technical assistance to state and local
94 criminal justice data system users, and provide analysis and interpretation of criminal justice statistical
95 information;

96 26. Develop a comprehensive, statewide, long-range plan for strengthening and improving law
97 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice throughout the Commonwealth, and periodically
98 update that plan;

99 27. Cooperate with, and advise and assist, all agencies, departments, boards and institutions of the
100 Commonwealth, and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, including planning
101 district commissions, in planning, developing, and administering programs, projects, comprehensive
102 plans, and other activities for improving law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice
103 throughout the Commonwealth, including allocating and subgranting funds for these purposes;

104 28. Define, develop, organize, encourage, conduct, coordinate, and administer programs, projects105 and activities for the Commonwealth and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, in

the Commonwealth, designed to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration ofcriminal justice at every level throughout the Commonwealth;

108 29. Review and evaluate programs, projects, and activities, and recommend, where necessary,
109 revisions or alterations to such programs, projects, and activities for the purpose of improving law
110 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice;

30. Coordinate the activities and projects of the state departments, agencies, and boards of the
Commonwealth and of the units of general local government, or combination thereof, including planning
district commissions, relating to the preparation, adoption, administration, and implementation of
comprehensive plans to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal
justice;

31. Do all things necessary on behalf of the Commonwealth and its units of general local
government, to determine and secure benefits available under the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
Act of 1968 (P.L. 90-351, 82 Stat. 197), as amended, and under any other federal acts and programs for
strengthening and improving law enforcement, the administration of criminal justice, and delinquency
prevention and control;

32. Receive, administer, and expend all funds and other assistance available to the Board and the
Department for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
Act of 1968, as amended;

124 33. Apply for and accept grants from the United States government or any other source in carrying 125 out the purposes of this chapter and accept any and all donations both real and personal, and grants of 126 money from any governmental unit or public agency, or from any institution, person, firm or corporation, 127 and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same. Any arrangements pursuant to this section shall be 128 detailed in the annual report of the Board. Such report shall include the identity of the donor, the nature 129 of the transaction, and the conditions, if any. Any moneys received pursuant to this section shall be 130 deposited in the state treasury to the account of the Department. To these ends, the Board shall have the 131 power to comply with conditions and execute such agreements as may be necessary;

132 34. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance
133 of its duties and execution of its powers under this chapter, including but not limited to, contracts with the
134 United States, units of general local government or combinations thereof, in Virginia or other states, and
135 with agencies and departments of the Commonwealth;

136 35. Adopt and administer reasonable regulations for the planning and implementation of programs
137 and activities and for the allocation, expenditure and subgranting of funds available to the Commonwealth
138 and to units of general local government, and for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and the powers
139 and duties set forth herein;

140 36. Certify and decertify law-enforcement officers in accordance with §§ 15.2-1706 and 15.2141 1707;

142 37. Establish training standards and publish and periodically update model policies for law-143 enforcement personnel in the following subjects:

a. The handling of family abuse, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking cases, including
standards for determining the predominant physical aggressor in accordance with § 19.2-81.3. The
Department shall provide technical support and assistance to law-enforcement agencies in carrying out
the requirements set forth in subsection A of § 9.1-1301;

148 b. The identification of, communication with, and facilitation of the safe return of individuals 149 diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease and dementia, which shall include (i) techniques for respectful and 150 effective communication with individuals with Alzheimer's disease and dementia and their caregivers; (ii) 151 techniques for addressing the behavioral symptoms of Alzheimer's disease and dementia, including 152 alternatives to physical restraint; (iii) protocols for identifying and reporting incidents of abuse, neglect, 153 and exploitation of individuals with Alzheimer's disease and dementia to adult protective services; (iv) 154 protocols for contacting caregivers when an individual with Alzheimer's disease or dementia is found 155 wandering or during an emergency or crisis situation; (v) a reference list of local resources available for 156 individuals with Alzheimer's disease and dementia; and (vi) a reference list of local and national 157 organizations that assist law-enforcement personnel with locating missing and wandering individuals with 158 Alzheimer's disease and dementia and returning them to their caregivers;

159 c. Sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and the 160 potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1, which shall include 161 recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness, substance use disorder, 162 or developmental or cognitive disability; 163 d. Protocols for local and regional sexual assault response teams; 164 e. Communication of death notifications; 165 f. The questioning of individuals suspected of driving while intoxicated concerning the physical 166 location of such individual's last consumption of an alcoholic beverage and the communication of such 167 information to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority; 168 g. Vehicle patrol duties that embody current best practices for pursuits and for responding to 169 emergency calls; 170 h. Criminal investigations that embody current best practices for conducting photographic and live 171 lineups; 172 i. Sensitivity to and awareness of human trafficking offenses and the identification of victims of 173 human trafficking offenses for personnel involved in criminal investigations or assigned to vehicle or 174 street patrol duties; 175 j. The recognition, prevention, and reporting of human trafficking; 176 k. Missing children, missing adults, and search and rescue protocol; and 177 1. The handling and use of tear gas or other gases and kinetic impact munitions, as defined in § 178 19.2-83.3, that embody current best practices for using such items as a crowd control measure or during 179 an arrest or detention of another person; 180 38. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training and the recertification of law-181 enforcement officers to ensure (i) sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural 182 diversity, and the potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1, 183 which shall include recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness, 184 substance use disorder, or developmental or cognitive disability; (ii) training in de-escalation techniques;

and (iii) training in the lawful use of force, including the use of deadly force, as defined in § 19.2-83.3,only when necessary to protect the law-enforcement officer or another person;

39. Review and evaluate community-policing programs in the Commonwealth, and recommend
where necessary statewide operating procedures, guidelines, and standards that strengthen and improve
such programs, including sensitivity to and awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural
diversity, and the potential for racially biased policing and bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1,
which shall include recognizing implicit biases in interacting with persons who have a mental illness,
substance use disorder, or developmental or cognitive disability;

40. Establish a Virginia Law-Enforcement Accreditation Center. The Center may, in cooperation
with Virginia law-enforcement agencies, provide technical assistance and administrative support,
including staffing, for the establishment of voluntary state law-enforcement accreditation standards. The
Center may provide accreditation assistance and training, resource material, and research into methods
and procedures that will assist the Virginia law-enforcement community efforts to obtain Virginia
accreditation status;

199 41. Promote community policing philosophy and practice throughout the Commonwealth by 200 providing community policing training and technical assistance statewide to all law-enforcement agencies, 201 community groups, public and private organizations and citizens; developing and distributing innovative 202 policing curricula and training tools on general community policing philosophy and practice and 203 contemporary critical issues facing Virginia communities; serving as a consultant to Virginia 204 organizations with specific community policing needs; facilitating continued development and 205 implementation of community policing programs statewide through discussion forums for community 206 policing leaders, development of law-enforcement instructors; promoting a statewide community policing 207 initiative; and serving as a statewide information source on the subject of community policing including, 208 but not limited to periodic newsletters, a website and an accessible lending library;

209 42. Establish, in consultation with the Department of Education and the Virginia State Crime
 210 Commission, compulsory minimum standards for employment and job-entry and in-service training
 211 curricula and certification requirements for school security officers, including school security officers

212 described in clause (b) of § 22.1-280.2:1, which training and certification shall be administered by the 213 Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety (VCSCS) pursuant to § 9.1-184. Such training standards 214 shall be specific to the role and responsibility of school security officers and shall include (i) relevant state 215 and federal laws; (ii) school and personal liability issues; (iii) security awareness in the school 216 environment; (iv) mediation and conflict resolution, including de-escalation techniques such as a physical 217 alternative to restraint; (v) disaster and emergency response; (vi) awareness of systemic and individual 218 racism, cultural diversity, and implicit bias; (vii) working with students with disabilities, mental health 219 needs, substance use disorders, and past traumatic experiences; and (viii) student behavioral dynamics, 220 including child and adolescent development and brain research. The Department shall establish an 221 advisory committee consisting of local school board representatives, principals, superintendents, and 222 school security personnel to assist in the development of the standards and certification requirements in 223 this subdivision. The Department shall require any school security officer who carries a firearm in the 224 performance of his duties to provide proof that he has completed a training course provided by a federal, 225 state, or local law-enforcement agency that includes training in active shooter emergency response, 226 emergency evacuation procedure, and threat assessment;

43. License and regulate property bail bondsmen and surety bail bondsmen in accordance with
Article 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.);

44. License and regulate bail enforcement agents in accordance with Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.);
45. In conjunction with the Virginia State Police and the State Compensation Board, advise
criminal justice agencies regarding the investigation, registration, and dissemination of information
requirements as they pertain to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry Act (§ 9.1-900 et seq.);

46. Establish minimum standards for (i) employment, (ii) job-entry and in-service training
curricula, and (iii) certification requirements for campus security officers. Such training standards shall
include, but not be limited to, the role and responsibility of campus security officers, relevant state and
federal laws, school and personal liability issues, security awareness in the campus environment, and
disaster and emergency response. The Department shall provide technical support and assistance to

239 campus police departments and campus security departments on the establishment and implementation of 240 policies and procedures, including but not limited to: the management of such departments, investigatory 241 procedures, judicial referrals, the establishment and management of databases for campus safety and 242 security information sharing, and development of uniform record keeping for disciplinary records and 243 statistics, such as campus crime logs, judicial referrals and Clery Act statistics. The Department shall 244 establish an advisory committee consisting of college administrators, college police chiefs, college 245 security department chiefs, and local law-enforcement officials to assist in the development of the 246 standards and certification requirements and training pursuant to this subdivision;

247 47. Assess and report, in accordance with § 9.1-190, the crisis intervention team programs
248 established pursuant to § 9.1-187;

48. In conjunction with the Office of the Attorney General, advise law-enforcement agencies and
attorneys for the Commonwealth regarding the identification, investigation, and prosecution of human
trafficking offenses using the common law and existing criminal statutes in the Code of Virginia;

49. Register tow truck drivers in accordance with § 46.2-116 and carry out the provisions of §
46.2-117;

254 50. Administer the activities of the Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Program Professional
255 Standards Committee by providing technical assistance and administrative support, including staffing, for
256 the Committee;

257 51. In accordance with § 9.1-102.1, design and approve the issuance of photo-identification cards
258 to private security services registrants registered pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.);

259 52. In consultation with the State Council of Higher Education for Virginia and the Virginia
260 Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators, develop multidisciplinary curricula on trauma261 informed sexual assault investigation;

53. In consultation with the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services,
develop a model addiction recovery program that may be administered by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, jail
officers, administrators, or superintendents in any local or regional jail. Such program shall be based on
any existing addiction recovery programs that are being administered by any local or regional jails in the

Commonwealth. Participation in the model addiction recovery program shall be voluntary, and such
 program may address aspects of the recovery process, including medical and clinical recovery, peer-to peer support, availability of mental health resources, family dynamics, and aftercare aspects of the
 recovery process;

270 54. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for certification and recertification of law-271 enforcement officers serving as school resource officers. Such training shall be specific to the role and 272 responsibility of a law-enforcement officer working with students in a school environment and shall 273 include (i) relevant state and federal laws; (ii) school and personal liability issues; (iii) security awareness 274 in the school environment; (iv) mediation and conflict resolution, including de-escalation techniques; (v) 275 disaster and emergency response; (vi) awareness of systemic and individual racism, cultural diversity, and 276 implicit bias; (vii) working with students with disabilities, mental health needs, substance use disorders, 277 or past traumatic experiences; and (viii) student behavioral dynamics, including current child and 278 adolescent development and brain research;

279 55. Establish a model policy for the operation of body-worn camera systems as defined in § 15.2280 1723.1 that also addresses the storage and maintenance of body-worn camera system records;

281 56. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for detector canine handlers employed by 282 the Department of Corrections, standards for the training and retention of detector canines used by the 283 Department of Corrections, and a central database on the performance and effectiveness of such detector 284 canines that requires the Department of Corrections to submit comprehensive information on each canine 285 handler and detector canine, including the number and types of calls and searches, substances searched 286 for and whether or not detected, and the number of false positives, false negatives, true positives, and true 287 negatives;

288 57. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training of law-enforcement officers for
289 recognizing and managing stress, self-care techniques, and resiliency;

290 58. Establish guidelines and standards for psychological examinations conducted pursuant to
291 subsection C of § 15.2-1705;

59. Establish compulsory in-service training standards, to include frequency of retraining, for lawenforcement officers in the following subjects: (i) relevant state and federal laws; (ii) awareness of cultural
diversity and the potential for bias-based profiling as defined in § 52-30.1; (iii) de-escalation techniques;
(iv) working with individuals with disabilities, mental health needs, or substance use disorders; and (v)
the lawful use of force, including the use of deadly force, as defined in § 19.2-83.3, only when necessary
to protect the law-enforcement officer or another person;

298 60. Develop a uniform curriculum and lesson plans for the compulsory minimum entry-level, in299 service, and advanced training standards to be employed by criminal justice training academies approved
300 by the Department when conducting training;

301 61. Adopt statewide professional standards of conduct applicable to all certified law-enforcement
 302 officers and certified jail officers and appropriate due process procedures for decertification based on
 303 serious misconduct in violation of those standards;

304 62. Establish and administer a waiver process, in accordance with §§ 2.2-5515 and 15.2-1721.1,
305 for law-enforcement agencies to use certain military property. Any waivers granted by the Criminal Justice
306 Services Board shall be published by the Department on the Department's website;

307 63. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training and the recertification of law308 enforcement officers to include crisis intervention training in accordance with clause (ii) of § 9.1-188;

309 64. Advise and assist the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and
310 support local law-enforcement cooperation, with the development and implementation of the Marcus alert
311 system, as defined in § 37.2-311.1, including the establishment of local protocols for law-enforcement
312 participation in the Marcus alert system pursuant to § 9.1-193 and for reporting requirements pursuant to
313 §§ 9.1-193 and 37.2-311.1;

314 65. Develop an online course to train hotel proprietors and their employees to recognize and report315 instances of suspected human trafficking;-and

316 66. Create and maintain a Surveillance Technology Registry consistent with the provisions of §
317 <u>9.1-116.9; and</u>

- 318 <u>67.</u> Perform such other acts as may be necessary or convenient for the effective performance of its
  319 duties.
- 320

## § 9.1-116.9. Surveillance Technology Registry established.

321 A. For purposes of this section, "surveillance technology" means any electronic surveillance 322 device, hardware, or software that is capable of collecting, capturing, recording, retaining, processing, 323 intercepting, analyzing, monitoring, or sharing audio, visual, digital, location, thermal, biometric, 324 behavioral, or similar information or communications specifically associated with, or capable of being 325 associated with, any specific individual, group, or place or any system, device, or vehicle that is equipped 326 with an electronic surveillance device, hardware, or software. "Surveillance technology" includes (i) 327 international mobile subscriber identity (IMSI) catchers and other cell site simulators; (ii) automatic 328 license plate readers; (iii) electronic toll readers; (iv) closed-circuit television cameras; (v) biometric 329 surveillance technology, including facial, voice, iris, and gait-recognition software and databases; (vi) 330 mobile DNA capture technology; (vii) gunshot detection and location hardware and services; (viii) x-ray 331 vans; (ix) video and audio monitoring or recording technology, such as surveillance cameras, wide-angle 332 cameras, and wearable body cameras; (x) surveillance enabled or capable lightbulbs or light fixtures; (xi) 333 tools, including software and hardware, used to gain unauthorized access to a computer, computer service, 334 or computer network; (xii) social media monitoring software; (xiii) through-the-wall radar or similar 335 imaging technology; (xiv) passive scanners of radio networks; (xv) long-range Bluetooth and other 336 wireless-scanning devices; (xvi) radio-frequency I.D. (RFID) scanners; and (xvii) software designed to 337 integrate or analyze data from surveillance technology, including surveillance target tracking and 338 predictive policing software. The enumeration of surveillance technology examples in this subsection shall 339 not be interpreted as an endorsement or approval of their use by any law-enforcement entity.

B. The Department shall (i) create and maintain a Surveillance Technology Registry (the Registry)
 with which localities shall register any surveillance technology used by a law-enforcement entity,
 including surveillance technology procured, contracted for, obtained, or shared with a law-enforcement
 entity, in its jurisdiction and (ii) store and use such information provided by localities for the purposes of
 this section.

345	C. Any locality prior to the use of a surveillance technology by a law-enforcement entity within
346	its jurisdiction, regardless of whether government funding or appropriations are used for the purchase of
347	or for contracting with a vendor for the use of such surveillance technology, shall register such technology
348	with the Registry and provide information, including (i) the type of surveillance technology used, (ii) the
349	cost and vendor of the surveillance technology, (iii) the approximate location of the surveillance
350	technology, and (iv) any storage and use requirements for the surveillance technology.
351	If a locality registers a surveillance technology that has not previously been registered in the
352	Commonwealth, the Department shall initiate a request to the Joint Commission on Technology and
353	Science to study such surveillance technology, in consultation with a representative from the Virginia
354	State Crime Commission and providing opportunity for public input, and to issue a report on the use of
355	such surveillance technology and implications of its use, susceptibility to misuse or cyberattack, and cost.
356	If a locality fails to register the surveillance technology prior to implementation, the Department
357	shall issue a notice of such failure. Upon receipt of such notice, the locality shall cease to use the
358	surveillance technology until the locality registers it and, if such study is required pursuant to this section,
359	the Joint Commission on Technology and Science has studied and issued a report on such surveillance
360	technology.
361	#