

HOUSE BILL NO. 2171

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on the Judiciary

on \_\_\_\_\_)

(Patron Prior to Substitute--Delegate Williams)

A BILL to amend and reenact § 44-146.17, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating to Emergency Services and Disaster Law; religious freedom; goods or services vital to the public good; executive orders.

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

**1. That § 44-146.17, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:**

**§ 44-146.17. (Effective until July 1, 2023) Powers and duties of Governor.**

A. The Governor shall be Director of Emergency Management. He shall take such action from time to time as is necessary for the adequate promotion and coordination of state and local emergency services activities relating to the safety and welfare of the Commonwealth in time of disasters.

The Governor shall have, in addition to his powers hereinafter or elsewhere prescribed by law, the following powers and duties:

(1) To proclaim and publish such rules and regulations and to issue such orders as may, in his judgment, be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter including, but not limited to such measures as are in his judgment required to control, restrict, allocate or regulate the use, sale, production and distribution of food, fuel, clothing and other commodities, materials, goods, services and resources under any state or federal emergency services programs.

He may adopt and implement the Commonwealth of Virginia Emergency Operations Plan, which provides for state-level emergency operations in response to any type of disaster or large-scale emergency affecting Virginia and that provides the needed framework within which more detailed emergency plans

26 and procedures can be developed and maintained by state agencies, local governments and other  
27 organizations.

28 He may direct and compel evacuation of all or part of the populace from any stricken or threatened  
29 area if this action is deemed necessary for the preservation of life, implement emergency mitigation,  
30 preparedness, response or recovery actions; prescribe routes, modes of transportation and destination in  
31 connection with evacuation; and control ingress and egress at an emergency area, including the movement  
32 of persons within the area and the occupancy of premises therein.

33 Executive orders, to include those declaring a state of emergency and directing evacuation, shall  
34 have the force and effect of law and the violation thereof shall be punishable as a civil penalty of not more  
35 than \$500 or as a Class 1 misdemeanor in every case where the executive order declares that its violation  
36 shall have such force and effect. Where an executive order declares a violation shall be punishable as a  
37 civil penalty, such violation shall be charged by summons and may be executed by a law-enforcement  
38 officer when such violation is observed by the officer. The summons used by a law-enforcement officer  
39 pursuant to this section shall be, in form, the same as the uniform summons for motor vehicle law  
40 violations as prescribed pursuant to § 46.2-388. The proceeds of such civil penalties collected pursuant to  
41 this section shall be paid and collected only in lawful money of the United States and paid into the state  
42 treasury to the credit of the Literary Fund.

43 Such executive orders declaring a state of emergency may address exceptional circumstances that  
44 exist relating to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation concerning a communicable disease of  
45 public health threat that is issued by the State Health Commissioner for an affected area of the  
46 Commonwealth pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of Title 32.1.

47 No rule, regulation, or order issued under this section shall have any effect beyond 45 days after  
48 the date of issuance. Unless the General Assembly takes action on the rule, regulation, or order within the  
49 45 days during which the rule, regulation, or order is effective, the Governor shall thereafter be prohibited  
50 from issuing the same or a similar rule, regulation, or order relating to the same emergency;

51 (2) To appoint a State Coordinator of Emergency Management and authorize the appointment or  
52 employment of other personnel as is necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, and to remove,  
53 in his discretion, any and all persons serving hereunder;

54 (3) To procure supplies and equipment, to institute training and public information programs  
55 relative to emergency management and to take other preparatory steps including the partial or full  
56 mobilization of emergency management organizations in advance of actual disaster, to insure the  
57 furnishing of adequately trained and equipped forces in time of need;

58 (4) To make such studies and surveys of industries, resources, and facilities in the Commonwealth  
59 as may be necessary to ascertain the capabilities of the Commonwealth and to plan for the most efficient  
60 emergency use thereof;

61 (5) On behalf of the Commonwealth to enter into mutual aid arrangements with other states and to  
62 coordinate mutual aid plans between political subdivisions of the Commonwealth. After a state of  
63 emergency is declared in another state and the Governor receives a written request for assistance from the  
64 executive authority of that state, the Governor may authorize the use in the other state of personnel,  
65 equipment, supplies, and materials of the Commonwealth, or of a political subdivision, with the consent  
66 of the chief executive officer or governing body of the political subdivision;

67 (6) To delegate any administrative authority vested in him under this chapter, and to provide for  
68 the further delegation of any such authority, as needed;

69 (7) Whenever, in the opinion of the Governor, the safety and welfare of the people of the  
70 Commonwealth require the exercise of emergency measures due to a threatened or actual disaster, to  
71 declare a state of emergency to exist;

72 (8) To request a major disaster declaration from the President, thereby certifying the need for  
73 federal disaster assistance and ensuring the expenditure of a reasonable amount of funds of the  
74 Commonwealth, its local governments, or other agencies for alleviating the damage, loss, hardship, or  
75 suffering resulting from the disaster;

76 (9) To provide incident command system guidelines for state agencies and local emergency  
77 response organizations;

78 (10) Whenever, in the opinion of the Governor or his designee, an employee of a state or local  
79 public safety agency responding to a disaster has suffered an extreme personal or family hardship in the  
80 affected area, such as the destruction of a personal residence or the existence of living conditions that  
81 imperil the health and safety of an immediate family member of the employee, to direct the Comptroller  
82 of the Commonwealth to issue warrants not to exceed \$2,500 per month, for up to three calendar months,  
83 to the employee to assist the employee with the hardship; and

84 (11) During a disaster caused by a communicable disease of public health threat for which a state  
85 of emergency has been declared pursuant to subdivision (7), to establish a program through which the  
86 Governor may purchase PPE for private, nongovernmental entities and distribute the PPE to such private,  
87 nongovernmental entities. If federal funding is available to establish and fund the program, the Governor,  
88 if necessary to comply with any conditions attached to such federal funding, shall be entitled to seek  
89 reimbursement for such purchases from the private, nongovernmental entities and may establish and  
90 charge fees to recover the cost of administering the program, including the cost of procuring and  
91 distributing the PPE. However, if federal funding is not available to establish and fund the program, the  
92 Governor shall, prior to making such purchases, receive a contract for payment for purchase from the  
93 private nongovernmental entities for the full cost of procuring and distributing the PPE, which shall  
94 include any amortized costs of administering the program. Any purchase made by the Governor pursuant  
95 to this subdivision shall be exempt from the provisions of the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-  
96 4300 et seq.), except the Governor shall be encouraged to comply with the provisions of § 2.2-4310 when  
97 possible. The Governor shall also provide for competition where practicable and include a written  
98 statement regarding the basis for awarding any contract. Prior to implementing such a program, the  
99 Department of Emergency Management shall consult with and survey private, nongovernmental entities  
100 in order to assess demand for participation in the program as well as the quantity and types of personal  
101 protective equipment such entities would like to procure.

102 As used in this subdivision, "personal protective equipment" or "PPE" means equipment or  
103 supplies worn or employed to minimize exposure to hazards that cause serious workplace injuries and  
104 illnesses and may include items such as gloves, safety glasses and shoes, earplugs or muffs, hard hats,

105 respirators, coveralls, vests, full body suits, hand sanitizer, plastic shields, or testing for the communicable  
106 disease of public health threat.

107 B. No rule, regulation, or order issued by the Governor or other governmental entity pursuant to  
108 this chapter shall impose restrictions on the operation of a place of worship that are more restrictive than  
109 the restrictions imposed on any other business, organization, or activity.

110 **§ 44-146.17. (Effective July 1, 2023) Powers and duties of Governor.**

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