1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1526
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Education and Health
4	on February 9, 2023)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteDelegate Coyner)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-253.13:2, 22.1-253.13:5, and 22.1-253.13:6, as they
7	shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating to student literacy measures; scope;
8	students in grades four through eight.
0	
9	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
10	1. That §§ 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-253.13:2, 22.1-253.13:5, and 22.1-253.13:6, as they shall become
11	effective, of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 22.1-253.13:1. (For effective date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 1. Instructional
13	programs supporting the Standards of Learning and other educational objectives.
14	A. The General Assembly and the Board-of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the
15	public schools of the Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are
16	necessary for success in school, preparation for life, and reaching their full potential. The General
17	Assembly and the Board-of Education find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision
18	of (i) the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of
19	high-quality instructional personnel; (ii) the appropriate learning environment designed to promote student
20	achievement; (iii) quality instruction that enables each student to become a productive and educated citizen
21	of Virginia and the United States of America; and (iv) the adequate commitment of other resources. In
22	keeping with this goal, the General Assembly shall provide for the support of public education as set forth
23	in Article VIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia.
24	B. The Board-of-Education shall establish educational objectives known as the Standards of
25	Learning, which shall form the core of Virginia's educational program, and other educational objectives,

26 which together are designed to ensure the development of the skills that are necessary for success in school

and for preparation for life in the years beyond. At a minimum, the Board shall establish Standards of
Learning for English, mathematics, science, and history and social science. The Standards of Learning
shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 2.2-4001.

The Board shall seek to ensure that the Standards of Learning are consistent with a high-quality foundation educational program. The Standards of Learning shall include, but not be limited to, the basic skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, and writing); computation and critical reasoning, including problem solving and decision making; proficiency in the use of computers and related technology; computer science and computational thinking, including computer coding; and the skills to manage personal finances and to make sound financial decisions.

36 The English Standards of Learning for reading in kindergarten through grade-three_five shall-be
 37 based on components of effective reading instruction, to include, at a minimum, phonemic awareness,
 38 systematic phonics, fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension align with evidence-based
 39 literacy instruction and science-based reading research.

The Standards of Learning in all subject areas shall be subject to regular review and revision to maintain rigor and to reflect a balance between content knowledge and the application of knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning. The Board-of Education shall establish a regular schedule, in a manner it deems appropriate, for the review, and revision as may be necessary, of the Standards of Learning in all subject areas. Such review of each subject area shall occur at least once every seven years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board from conducting such review and revision on a more frequent basis.

To provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board-of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing revised Standards of Learning. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give notice of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise the Standards of Learning in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions of the Standards of Learning.

In addition, the Department-of Education shall make available and maintain a website, either separately or through an existing website utilized by the Department-of Education, enabling public elementary, middle, and high school educators to submit recommendations for improvements relating to the Standards of Learning, when under review by the Board according to its established schedule, and related assessments required by the Standards of Quality pursuant to this chapter. Such website shall facilitate the submission of recommendations by educators.

School boards shall implement the Standards of Learning or objectives specifically designed for
their school divisions that are equivalent to or exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected
to achieve the educational objectives established by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels.
The curriculum adopted by the local school division shall be aligned to the Standards of Learning.

64 The Board-of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for history and social science
65 the study of contributions to society of diverse people. For the purposes of this subsection, "diverse"
66 includes consideration of disability, ethnicity, race, and gender.

67 The Board-of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for health instruction in **68** emergency first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator, 69 including hands-on practice of the skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Such 70 instruction shall be based on the current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care 71 guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator, such as a 72 program developed by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross. No teacher who is in 73 compliance with subdivision D 3 of § 22.1-298.1 shall be required to be certified as a trainer of 74 cardiopulmonary resuscitation to provide instruction for non-certification.

With such funds as are made available for this purpose, the Board shall regularly review and revise the competencies for career and technical education programs to require the full integration of English, mathematics, science, and history and social science Standards of Learning. Career and technical education programs shall be aligned with industry and professional standard certifications, where they exist.

80 The Board shall establish content standards and curriculum guidelines for courses in career 81 investigation in elementary school, middle school, and high school. Each school board shall (i) require 82 each middle school student to take at least one course in career investigation or (ii) select an alternate 83 means of delivering the career investigation course to each middle school student, provided that such 84 alternative is equivalent in content and rigor and provides the foundation for such students to develop their 85 academic and career plans. Any school board may require (a) such courses in career investigation at the 86 high school level as it deems appropriate, subject to Board approval as required in subsection A of § 22.1-87 253.13:4, and (b) such courses in career investigation at the elementary school level as it deems 88 appropriate. The Board shall develop and disseminate to each school board career investigation resource 89 materials that are designed to ensure that students have the ability to further explore interest in career and 90 technical education opportunities in middle and high school. In developing such resource materials, the 91 Board shall consult with representatives of career and technical education, industry, skilled trade 92 associations, chambers of commerce or similar organizations, and contractor organizations.

93 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 94 12 that is aligned to the Standards of Learning and meets or exceeds the requirements of the Board-of 95 Education. The program of instruction shall emphasize reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts 96 and computations, proficiency in the use of computers and related technology, computer science and 97 computational thinking, including computer coding, and scientific concepts and processes; essential skills 98 and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of Virginia history and world and United States history, 99 economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health and physical education, 100 environmental issues, and geography necessary for responsible participation in American society and in 101 the international community; fine arts, which may include, but need not be limited to, music and art, and 102 practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further education, gainful employment, or 103 training in a career or technical field; and development of the ability to apply such skills and knowledge 104 in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning and to achieve economic self-sufficiency.

Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, orremediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those who fail to

achieve a passing score on any Standards of Learning assessment in grades three through eight or who fail
an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs shall include
components that are research-based.

Any student who achieves a passing score on one or more, but not all, of the Standards of Learning
assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight may be required to attend a
remediation program.

Any student who fails to achieve a passing score on all of the Standards of Learning assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight or who fails an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit shall be required to attend a remediation program or to participate in another form of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation, which may include attendance in public summer school programs, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection A of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01.

119 Remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of 120 students who are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three through eight or 121 who fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs may also 122 include summer school for all elementary and middle school grades and for all high school academic 123 courses, as defined by regulations promulgated by the Board-of Education, or other forms of remediation. 124 Summer school remediation programs or other forms of remediation shall be chosen by the division 125 superintendent to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. Students who are required to attend 126 such summer school programs or to participate in another form of remediation shall not be charged tuition 127 by the school division.

The requirement for remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program of prevention, intervention or remediation that has been selected by his parent, in consultation with the division superintendent or his designee, and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii) a special program that has been determined to be comparable to the required public school remediation program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private school remediation program or other special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent.

The Board-of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs that shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2.

141 D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

142 1. Programs in grades K through three that emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to143 enhance success.

144 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation designed to increase the number of
145 students who earn a high school diploma and to prevent students from dropping out of school. Such
146 programs shall include components that are research-based.

147 3. Career and technical education programs incorporated into the K through 12 curricula that148 include:

a. Knowledge of careers and all types of employment opportunities, including, but not limited to,
apprenticeships, entrepreneurship and small business ownership, the military, and the teaching profession,
and emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills;

152 b. Career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades;

153 c. Competency-based career and technical education programs that integrate academic outcomes, 154 career guidance, and job-seeking skills for all secondary students. Programs shall be based upon labor 155 market needs and student interest. Career guidance shall include counseling about available employment 156 opportunities and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and 157 implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. Such plan shall be 158 developed with the input of area business and industry representatives and local comprehensive 159 community colleges and shall be submitted to the Superintendent-of Public Instruction in accordance with 160 the timelines established by federal law;

d. Annual notice on its website to enrolled high school students and their parents of (i) the
availability of the postsecondary education and employment data published by the State Council of Higher
Education on its website pursuant to § 23.1-204.1 and (ii) the opportunity for such students to obtain a
nationally recognized career readiness certificate at a local public high school, comprehensive community
college, or workforce center; and

e. As part of each student's academic and career plan, a list of (i) the top 100 professions in the
Commonwealth by median pay and the education, training, and skills required for each such profession
and (ii) the top 10 degree programs at institutions of higher education in the Commonwealth by median
pay of program graduates. The Department-of Education shall annually compile such lists and provide
them to each local school board.

4. Educational objectives in middle and high school that emphasize economic education andfinancial literacy pursuant to § 22.1-200.03.

173 5. Early identification of students with disabilities and enrollment of such students in appropriate174 instructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

175 6. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately176 differentiated instructional programs.

177 7. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere
178 in these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance
179 with the regulations of the Board-of Education.

180 8. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level.
181 Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative
182 arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

183 9. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide priority184 that shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

185 10. An agreement for postsecondary degree attainment with a comprehensive community college
186 in the Commonwealth specifying the options for students to complete an associate degree or a one-year
187 Uniform Certificate of General Studies from a comprehensive community college concurrent with a high

school diploma. Such agreement shall specify the credit available for dual enrollment courses andAdvanced Placement courses with qualifying exam scores of three or higher.

190 11. A plan to notify students and their parents of the availability of dual enrollment and advanced 191 placement classes; career and technical education programs, including internships, externships, 192 apprenticeships, credentialing programs, certification programs, licensure programs, and other work-193 based learning experiences; the International Baccalaureate Program and Academic Year Governor's 194 School Programs; the qualifications for enrolling in such classes, programs, and experiences; and the 195 availability of financial assistance to low-income and needy students to take the advanced placement and 196 International Baccalaureate examinations. This plan shall include notification to students and parents of 197 the agreement with a comprehensive community college in the Commonwealth to enable students to 198 complete an associate degree or a one-year Uniform Certificate of General Studies concurrent with a high 199 school diploma.

200 12. Identification of students with limited English proficiency and enrollment of such students in
 201 appropriate instructional programs, which programs may include dual language programs whereby such
 202 students receive instruction in English and in a second language.

203 13. Early identification, diagnosis, and assistance for students with mathematics problems and
 204 provision of instructional strategies and mathematics practices that benefit the development of
 205 mathematics skills for all students.

206 Local school divisions shall provide algebra readiness intervention services to students in grades 207 six through nine who are at risk of failing the Algebra I end-of-course test, as demonstrated by their 208 individual performance on any diagnostic test that has been approved by the Department-of Education. 209 Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department-of Education on an 210 annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent-of Public Instruction. Each student who 211 receives algebra readiness intervention services will be assessed again at the end of that school year. Funds 212 appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation; at-risk; or algebra 213 readiness intervention services may be used to meet the requirements of this subdivision.

214

215

14. Incorporation of art, music, and physical education as a part of the instructional program at the elementary school level.

216 15. A program of physical activity available to all students in grades kindergarten through five 217 consisting of at least 20 minutes per day or an average of 100 minutes per week during the regular school 218 year and available to all students in grades six through 12 with a goal of at least 150 minutes per week on 219 average during the regular school year. Such program may include any combination of (i) physical 220 education classes, (ii) extracurricular athletics, (iii) recess, or (iv) other programs and physical activities 221 deemed appropriate by the local school board. Each local school board shall implement such program 222 during the regular school year. Any physical education class offered to students in grades seven and eight 223 shall include at least one hour of personal safety training per school year in each such grade level that is 224 developed and delivered in partnership with the local law-enforcement agency and consists of situational 225 safety awareness training and social media education.

16. A program of student services for kindergarten through grade 12 that shall be designed to aidstudents in their educational, social, and career development.

17. The collection and analysis of data and the use of the results to evaluate and make decisionsabout the instructional program.

18. A program of instruction in the high school Virginia and U.S. Government course on allinformation and concepts contained in the civics portion of the U.S. Naturalization Test.

232 E. From such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise received for such purpose, there shall be 233 established within the Department of Education a unit to (i) conduct evaluative studies; (ii) provide the 234 resources and technical assistance to increase the capacity for school divisions to deliver quality 235 instruction; and (iii) assist school divisions in implementing those programs and practices that will 236 enhance pupil academic performance and improve family and community involvement in the public 237 schools. Such unit shall identify and analyze effective instructional programs and practices and 238 professional development initiatives; evaluate the success of programs encouraging parental and family 239 involvement; assess changes in student outcomes prompted by family involvement; and collect and 240 disseminate among school divisions information regarding effective instructional programs and practices,

initiatives promoting family and community involvement, and potential funding and support sources. Such
unit may also provide resources supporting professional development for administrators and teachers. In
providing such information, resources, and other services to school divisions, the unit shall give priority
to those divisions demonstrating a less than 70 percent passing rate on the Standards of Learning
assessments.

246 F. Each local school board may enter into agreements for postsecondary course credit, credential, 247 certification, or license attainment, hereinafter referred to as College and Career Access Pathways 248 Partnerships (Partnerships), with comprehensive community colleges or other public institutions of higher 249 education or educational institutions established pursuant to Title 23.1 that offer a career and technical 250 education curriculum. Such Partnerships shall (i) specify the options for students to take courses as part 251 of the career and technical education curriculum that lead to course credit or an industry-recognized 252 credential, certification, or license concurrent with a high school diploma; (ii) specify the credit, 253 credentials, certifications, or licenses available for such courses; and (iii) specify available options for 254 students to participate in pre-apprenticeship and apprenticeship programs at comprehensive community 255 colleges concurrent with the pursuit of a high school diploma and receive college credit and high school 256 credit for successful completion of any such program.

G. Each local school board shall provide a program of literacy instruction that is aligned with
science-based reading research and provides evidenced-based literacy instruction to students in
kindergarten through grade-three eight and is consistent with the school board's literacy plan as required
by subsection B of § 22.1-253.13:6. Pursuant to such program:

1. Each local school board shall provide reading intervention services to students in kindergarten through grade-three_eight who demonstrate substantial deficiencies based on their individual performance on the Standards of Learning reading assessment or <u>an early a</u> literacy screener provided or approved by the Department. Such reading intervention services shall consist of evidence-based literacy instruction, align with science-based reading research, and be documented for each student in a written student reading plan, consistent with the requirements in subdivision 2 and the list developed by the Department pursuant to subdivision H 2.

268 2. A reading specialist, in collaboration with the teacher of any student who receives reading 269 intervention services pursuant to subdivision 1, shall develop, oversee implementation of, and monitor 270 student progress on a student reading plan. The parent of each student who receives reading intervention 271 services pursuant to subdivision 1 shall receive notice of and have the opportunity to participate in the 272 development of the student reading plan. Each student reading plan (i) shall follow the Department 273 template created pursuant to subdivision H 3; (ii) shall document such reading intervention services; (iii) 274 shall include, at a minimum, (a) the student's specific, diagnosed reading skill deficiencies as determined 275 or identified by diagnostic assessment data or the early literacy screener provided or approved by the 276 Department; (b) the goals and benchmarks for student growth in reading; (c) a description of the specific 277 measures that will be used to evaluate and monitor the student's reading progress; (d) the specific evidence-278 based literacy instruction that the student will receive; (e) the strategies, resources, and materials that will 279 be provided to the student's parent to support the student to make reading progress; and (f) any additional 280 services the teacher deems available and appropriate to accelerate the student's reading skill development; 281 and (iv) may include the following services for the student: instruction from a reading specialist, trained 282 aide, computer-based reading tutorial program, or classroom teacher with support from an aide-or, 283 extended instructional time in the school day or school year, or, for students in grades six through eight, a 284 literacy course, in addition to the course required by the Standards of Learning in English, that provides 285 the specific evidence-based literacy instruction identified in the student's reading plan. In accordance with 286 § 22.1-215.2, the parent of each student shall receive notice before services begin and a copy of the student 287 reading plan.

288 3. Each student who receives such reading intervention services shall be assessed utilizing either
289 the early literacy screener provided or approved by the Department or the grade-level reading Standards
290 of Learning assessment again at the end of that school year.

291 4. The local school board shall provide such reading intervention services prior to promoting a
292 student from grade three to grade four.

293 5. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation, summer school remediation,
294 the at-risk add-on, or early intervention reading may be used to meet the requirements of this subsection.

OFFERED FOR CONSIDERATION

295	H. In order to assist local school boards to implement the provisions of subsection G:
296	1. The Board shall provide guidance on the content of student reading plans;
297	2. The Department shall develop a list of core literacy curricula, supplemental instruction practices
298	and programs, and intervention programs that consist of evidence-based literacy instruction aligned with
299	science-based reading research for students in kindergarten through grade eight. The list shall be approved
300	by the Board;
301	3. The Department shall develop a template for student reading plans that aligns with the
302	requirements of subsection G;
303	4. The Department shall develop and implement a plan for the annual collection and public
304	reporting of division-level and school-level literacy data, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent,
305	to include results on the early literacy screener screeners provided or approved by the Department and the
306	reading Standards of Learning assessments; and
307	5. The Department shall provide free online evidence-based literacy instruction resources that can
308	be accessed by parents and local school boards to support student literacy development at home.
309	§ 22.1-253.13:2. (For effective date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional,
310	administrative, and support personnel.
311	A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents,
312	and other professional personnel.
313	B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject
314	areas.
315	C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces
316	divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions,
317	excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other
318	licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the following
319	ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average daily
320	membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the
321	class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 students; (iii) 25 to

one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days after the date on which the class exceeds the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason that the class size exceeds the class size to comply with this subsection.

Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set
 pupil/teacher ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for
 self-contained classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
 ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
 middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
 one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and
 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional
 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation
 act.

E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by the local school boards.

To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions
 may employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention

services. School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this
manner shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board-of Education.

- F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which positions may include dual language teachers who provide instruction in English and in a second language.
- 358 To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 359 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use 360 state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to 361 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to 362 identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to supplement 363 the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ Prevention, 364 Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by 365 the Board-of Education.
- 366 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 367 school board shall employ one reading specialist for each 550 students in kindergarten through grade-three 368 eight. Each such reading specialist shall have training in science-based reading research and evidence-369 based literacy instruction practices. In addition, each such reading specialist shall have training in the 370 identification of and the appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students 371 with dyslexia or a related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such 372 reading specialist shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of 373 (i) techniques to help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that 374 may manifest at different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including

375 multisensory, explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions,
376 accommodations, and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
employ reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using
the Early Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel
licensed by the Board-of Education.

381 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent382 positions for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

383 1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
384 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in high schools,
385 one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals in
high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient number of
assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools within the
division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle,
or secondary;

392 3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
393 librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two
395 full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet
396 this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of
397 greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

398 4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 students in grades kindergarten399 through 12.

400 However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school401 board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with

402 an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any 403 professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board 404 of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling 405 professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress 406 toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of 407 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 408 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed 409 counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 410 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school 411 counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another 412 licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards that 413 employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision 414 may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, 415 regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in gradeskindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional technology
resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board-of Education.

428 K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
429 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
430 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and shall be based on the school's total enrollment. The Board-of Education may grant waivers from these staffing levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

437 M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 438 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 439 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 440 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 441 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 442 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 443 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 444 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 445 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 446 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

447 N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in 448 the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 449 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 450 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 451 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 452 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 453 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home

454 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata calculation.455 Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school courses.

456 O. Each school board shall provide at least three specialized student support positions per 1,000
457 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school social
458 workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant behavior
459 analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by the school
460 board or provided through contracted services.

461 P. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient462 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

463 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions"464 shall include the following:

465 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents466 and assistant superintendents;

467 2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in
subsection O; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii)
homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to
truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in
subsection O;

473 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and474 media positions not included in subdivision H 3;

475 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

476 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions;
477 operation and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer
478 positions;

479 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional480 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

481 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time 482 at 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 483 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 484 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 485 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 486 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 487 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 488 elementary, middle, or secondary.

489 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

490 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional491 instructional services.

492 Q. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of
493 instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be
494 required to include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

495 § 22.1-253.13:2. (Effective pursuant to Va. Const., Art. IV, § 13; for effective date, see Acts
496 2022, cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel.

497 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents,498 and other professional personnel.

499 B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject500 areas.

501 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 502 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 503 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other 504 licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the following 505 ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average daily 506 membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the 507 class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 students; (iii) 25 to

508 one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 24 to one in English 509 classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime the number of students 510 in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local school division shall notify 511 the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days after the date on which the class 512 exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason that the class size exceeds the class 513 size limit and describe the measures that the local school division will take to reduce the class size to 514 comply with this subsection.

515 Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set
516 pupil/teacher ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for
517 self-contained classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

522 D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and 523 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional 524 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation 525 act.

E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by the local school boards.

To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions
may employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention

services. School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this
manner shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board-of Education.

F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which positions may include dual language teachers who provide instruction in English and in a second language.

544 To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 545 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use 546 state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to 547 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to 548 identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to supplement 549 the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ Prevention, 550 Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by 551 the Board-of Education.

552 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 553 school board shall employ one reading specialist for each 550 students in kindergarten through grade-three 554 eight. Each such reading specialist shall have training in science-based reading research and evidence-555 based literacy instruction practices. In addition, each such reading specialist shall have training in the 556 identification of and the appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students 557 with dyslexia or a related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such 558 reading specialist shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of 559 (i) techniques to help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that 560 may manifest at different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including

multisensory, explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions,
accommodations, and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
employ reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using
the Early Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel
licensed by the Board-of Education.

567 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent568 positions for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

569 1. Principals, one full-time in each elementary school, middle school, and high school, to be570 employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals in
high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient number of
assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools within the
division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle,
or secondary;

577 3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
578 librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two
580 full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet
581 this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of
582 greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

583 4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 students in grades kindergarten584 through 12.

However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school
board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with
an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any

588 professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board 589 of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling 590 professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress 591 toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of 592 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 593 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed 594 counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 595 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school 596 counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another 597 licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards that 598 employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision 599 may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, 600 regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

601 I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades602 kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional technology
 resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board-of Education.

K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing
requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except for
school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and shall be based
on the school's total enrollment. The Board-of Education may grant waivers from these staffing levels
upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs that are
not consistent with these staffing levels.

622 M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 623 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 624 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 625 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 626 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 627 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 628 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 629 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 630 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 631 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home

639 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata calculation. 640 Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school courses.

641 O. Each school board shall provide at least three specialized student support positions per 1,000 642 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school social 643 workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant behavior 644 analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by the school 645 board or provided through contracted services.

646 P. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 647 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

648 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" 649 shall include the following:

650 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents 651 and assistant superintendents;

652 2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

653 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 654 subsection O; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii) 655 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 656 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 657 subsection O;

658 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 659 media positions not included in subdivision H 3;

660

5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

661 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; 662 operation and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer 663 positions;

664 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional 665 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

666 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time 667 at 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 668 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 669 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 670 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 671 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 672 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 673 elementary, middle, or secondary.

674 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

675 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional676 instructional services.

677 Q. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of
678 instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be
679 required to include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

§ 22.1-253.13:5. (For effective date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 5. Ouality of

680

681

classroom instruction and educational leadership.

A. Each member of the Board-of-Education shall participate in high-quality professional
development programs on personnel, curriculum and current issues in education as part of his service on
the Board.

685 B. Consistent with the finding that leadership is essential for the advancement of public education 686 in the Commonwealth, teacher, principal, and superintendent evaluations shall be consistent with the **687** performance standards included in the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation 688 Criteria for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents. Evaluations shall include student academic 689 progress as a significant component and an overall summative rating. Teacher evaluations shall include 690 regular observation and evidence that instruction is aligned with the school's curriculum. Evaluations shall 691 include identification of areas of individual strengths and weaknesses and recommendations for 692 appropriate professional activities. Evaluations shall include an evaluation of cultural competency.

693 C. The Board of Education shall provide guidance on high-quality professional development for 694 (i) teachers, principals, supervisors, division superintendents, and other school staff; (ii) principals, 695 supervisors, and division superintendents in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and principal 696 performance based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such instructional or 697 administrative personnel; (iii) school board members on personnel, curriculum and current issues in 698 education; (iv) teachers of the blind and visually impaired, in cooperation with the Virginia Department 699 for the Blind and Vision Impaired, in Braille; and (v) any individual with an endorsement in early/primary 700 education preschool through grade three, elementary education preschool through grade six, special 701 education general curriculum kindergarten through grade 12, special education deaf and hard of hearing 702 preschool through grade 12, or special education blindness/visual impairments preschool through grade 703 12, or English as a second language preschool through grade 12, or as a reading specialist that builds 704 proficiency in science-based reading research and evidence-based literacy instruction; (vi) each teacher 705 with an endorsement in middle education grades six through eight who teaches English that builds 706 proficiency in evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading research; and (vii) each 707 middle school principal and teacher with an endorsement in middle education grades six through eight 708 who teaches mathematics, science, or history and social science that builds an awareness of evidence-709 based literacy instruction and science-based reading research.

The Board shall also provide technical assistance on high-quality professional development to
local school boards designed to ensure that all instructional personnel are proficient in the use of
educational technology consistent with its comprehensive plan for educational technology.

The Department shall provide technical assistance, including literacy coaching, to local school divisions to provide professional development in science-based reading research and evidence-based literacy instruction for students in kindergarten through grade eight. The Department shall also create a list of professional development programs aligned with science-based reading research and evidencebased literacy instruction that includes programs that provide training in dyslexia for reading specialists as required by subsection G of § 22.1-253.13:2. The list shall be approved by the Board. The Department shall provide resources to local school divisions to ensure that each division is able to provide professional

development to teachers and reading specialists listed in subdivision E 2-of § 22.1-253.13:5 in one of the
programs enumerated in the list approved by the Board pursuant to this subdivision and that such
professional development is provided at no cost to the teachers and reading specialists.

723 D. Each local school board shall require (i) its members to participate annually in high-quality 724 professional development activities at the state, local, or national levels on governance, including, but not 725 limited to, personnel policies and practices; the evaluation of personnel, curriculum, and instruction; use 726 of data in planning and decision making; and current issues in education as part of their service on the 727 local board and (ii) the division superintendent to participate annually in high-quality professional 728 development activities at the local, state, or national levels, including the Standards of Quality, Board-of 729 Education regulations, and the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation Criteria for 730 Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents.

731 E. Each local school board shall provide a program of high-quality professional development (i) 732 in the use and documentation of performance standards and evaluation criteria based on student academic 733 progress and skills for teachers, principals, and superintendents to clarify roles and performance 734 expectations and to facilitate the successful implementation of instructional programs that promote student 735 achievement at the school and classroom levels; (ii) as part of the license renewal process, to assist teachers 736 and principals in acquiring the skills needed to work with gifted students, students with disabilities, and 737 students who have been identified as having limited English proficiency and to increase student 738 achievement and expand the knowledge and skills students require to meet the standards for academic 739 performance set by the Board-of Education; (iii) in educational technology for all instructional personnel 740 which is designed to facilitate integration of computer skills and related technology into the curricula; and 741 (iv) for principals and supervisors designed to increase proficiency in instructional leadership and 742 management, including training in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and principal performance 743 based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such instructional or administrative 744 personnel.

745 In addition, each local school board shall provide:

Teachers and principals with high-quality professional development programs each year in (a)
instructional content; (b) the preparation of tests and other assessment measures; (c) methods for assessing
the progress of individual students, including Standards of Learning assessment materials or other
criterion-referenced tests that match locally developed objectives; (d) instruction and remediation
techniques in English, mathematics, science, and history and social science; (e) interpreting test data for
instructional purposes; (f) technology applications to implement the Standards of Learning; and (g)
effective classroom management;-and

753 2. High-quality professional development and training in science-based reading research and 754 evidence-based literacy instruction, from the list developed and the resources provided by the Department 755 pursuant to subsection C-of § 22.1-253.13:5 or an alternative program that consists of evidence-based 756 literacy instruction and aligns with science-based reading research approved by the Department, for each 757 elementary school principal and each teacher with an endorsement in early/primary education preschool 758 through grade three, elementary education preschool through grade six, special education general 759 curriculum kindergarten through grade 12, special education deaf and hard of hearing preschool through 760 grade 12, or special education blindness/visual impairments preschool through grade 12, or English as a 761 second language preschool through grade 12, or as a reading specialist that builds proficiency in evidence-762 based literacy instruction and science-based reading research in order to aid in the licensure renewal 763 process for such individuals; and

764 3. High-quality professional development and training in science-based reading research and 765 evidence-based literacy instruction, from the list developed and the resources provided by the Department 766 pursuant to subsection C, or an alternative program that consists of evidence-based literacy instruction 767 and aligns with science-based reading research approved by the Department, for (i) each teacher with an 768 endorsement in middle education grades six through eight who teaches English that builds proficiency in 769 evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading research and (ii) each middle school 770 principal and teacher with an endorsement in middle education grades six through eight who teaches 771 mathematics, science, or history and social science that builds an awareness of evidence-based literacy 772 instruction and science-based reading research.

F. Schools and school divisions shall include as an integral component of their comprehensive plans required by § 22.1-253.13:6, high-quality professional development programs that support the recruitment, employment, and retention of qualified teachers and principals. Each school board shall require all instructional personnel to participate each year in these professional development programs.

G. Each local school board shall annually review its professional development program for quality,
effectiveness, participation by instructional personnel, and relevancy to the instructional needs of teachers
and the academic achievement needs of the students in the school division.

780 § 22.1-253.13:6. (For effective date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 6. Planning
781 and public involvement.

A. The Board-of Education shall adopt a statewide comprehensive, unified, long-range plan based
on data collection, analysis, and evaluation. Such plan shall be developed with statewide participation.
The Board shall review the plan biennially and adopt any necessary revisions. The Board shall post the
plan on the Department-of Education's website if practicable, and, in any case, shall make a hard copy of
such plan available for public inspection and copying.

787 This plan shall include the objectives of public education in Virginia, including strategies for first 788 improving student achievement, particularly the achievement of educationally at-risk students, then 789 maintaining high levels of student achievement; an assessment of the extent to which these objectives are 790 being achieved; a forecast of enrollment changes; and an assessment of the needs of public education in 791 the Commonwealth. In the annual report required by § 22.1-18, the Board shall include an analysis of the 792 extent to which these Standards of Quality have been achieved and the objectives of the statewide 793 comprehensive plan have been met. The Board shall also develop, consistent with, or as a part of, its 794 comprehensive plan, a detailed comprehensive, long-range plan to integrate educational technology into 795 the Standards of Learning and the curricula of the public schools in Virginia, including career and 796 technical education programs. The Board shall review and approve the comprehensive plan for 797 educational technology and may require the revision of such plan as it deems necessary.

B. Each local school board shall adopt a divisionwide comprehensive, unified, long-range planbased on data collection, an analysis of the data, and how the data will be utilized to improve classroom

instruction and student achievement. The plan shall be developed with staff and community involvement
and shall include, or be consistent with, all other divisionwide plans required by state and federal laws and
regulations. Each local school board shall review the plan biennially and adopt any necessary revisions.
Prior to the adoption of any divisionwide comprehensive plan or revisions thereto, each local school board
shall post such plan or revisions on the division's Internet website if practicable, and, in any case, shall
make a hard copy of the plan or revisions available for public inspection and copying and shall conduct at
least one public hearing to solicit public comment on the divisionwide plan or revisions.

807 The divisionwide comprehensive plan shall include, but shall not be limited to, (i) the objectives 808 of the school division, including strategies for first improving student achievement, particularly the 809 achievement of educationally at-risk students, then maintaining high levels of student achievement; (ii) 810 an assessment of the extent to which these objectives are being achieved; (iii) a forecast of enrollment 811 changes; (iv) a plan for projecting and managing enrollment changes including consideration of the 812 consolidation of schools to provide for a more comprehensive and effective delivery of instructional 813 services to students and economies in school operations; (v) an evaluation of the appropriateness of 814 establishing regional programs and services in cooperation with neighboring school divisions; (vi) a plan 815 for implementing such regional programs and services when appropriate; (vii) a technology plan designed 816 to integrate educational technology into the instructional programs of the school division, including the 817 school division's career and technical education programs, consistent with, or as a part of, the 818 comprehensive technology plan for Virginia adopted by the Board-of Education; (viii) an assessment of 819 the needs of the school division and evidence of community participation, including parental participation, 820 in the development of the plan; (ix) any corrective action plan required pursuant to § 22.1-253.13:3; and 821 (x) a plan for parent and family involvement to include building successful school and parent partnerships 822 that shall be developed with staff and community involvement, including participation by parents.

823 The divisionwide comprehensive plan shall also include a divisionwide literacy plan for pre824 kindergarten through grade-three eight. The Board shall issue guidance on the contents of such plans. The
825 Department shall develop a template for such plans. Each divisionwide literacy plan shall follow such
826 template and address how the local school board will align (i) literacy professional development, (ii) core

827 reading and literacy curriculum, and (iii) screening, supplemental instruction, and interventions with 828 evidence-based literacy instruction practices aligned with science-based reading research and how the 829 school board will support parents to support the literacy development of their children. When developing 830 such divisionwide literacy plan, each local school board shall use programs from the lists developed by 831 the Department pursuant to subsection C of § 22.1-253.13:5 and subdivision H 2 of § 22.1-253.13:1 or 832 seek approval from the Department for the use of alternative programs that consist of evidence-based 833 literacy instruction and align with science-based reading research.

A report shall be presented by each school board to the public by November 1 of each oddnumbered year on the extent to which the objectives of the divisionwide comprehensive plan have been
met during the previous two school years.

837 C. Each public school shall also prepare a comprehensive, unified, long-range plan, which the838 relevant school board shall consider in the development of its divisionwide comprehensive plan.

Board of Education shall, in a timely manner, make available to local school boards
information about where current Virginia school laws, Board regulations and revisions, and copies of
relevant Opinions of the Attorney General of Virginia may be located online.

842

#