1	SENATE BILL NO. 1532
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the Senate Committee on the Judiciary
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteSenator Deeds)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-253.1, 16.1-279.1, 19.2-152.9, and 19.2-152.10 of the Code of
7	Virginia, relating to protective orders; extensions and continuances; other monetary relief; penalty.
8	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
9	1. That §§ 16.1-253.1, 16.1-279.1, 19.2-152.9, and 19.2-152.10 of the Code of Virginia are amended
10	and reenacted as follows:
11	§ 16.1-253.1. Preliminary protective orders in cases of family abuse; confidentiality.
12	A. Upon the filing of a petition alleging that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable
13	period of time, subjected to family abuse, or the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend
14	a protective order pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 without alleging that the petitioner is or has been, within a
15	reasonable period of time, subject to family abuse, the court may issue a preliminary protective order
16	against an allegedly abusing person in order to protect the health and safety of the petitioner or any family
17	or household member of the petitioner. The order may be issued in an ex parte proceeding upon good
18	cause shown when the petition is supported by an affidavit or sworn testimony before the judge or intake
19	officer or upon the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend a protective order pursuant to
20	<u>§ 16.1-279.1 without alleging that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable period of time, subject</u>
21	to family abuse. If an ex parte order is issued without an affidavit or a completed form as prescribed by
22	subsection D of § 16.1-253.4 being presented, the court, in its order, shall state the basis upon which the
23	order was entered, including a summary of the allegations made and the court's findings. Immediate and
24	present danger of family abuse or evidence sufficient to establish probable cause that family abuse has
25	recently occurred shall constitute good cause. Evidence that the petitioner has been subjected to family
26	abuse within a reasonable time and evidence of immediate and present danger of family abuse may be

established by a showing that (i) the allegedly abusing person is incarcerated and is to be released from
incarceration within 30 days following the petition or has been released from incarceration within 30 days
prior to the petition, (ii) the crime for which the allegedly abusing person was convicted and incarcerated
involved family abuse against the petitioner, and (iii) the allegedly abusing person has made threatening
contact with the petitioner while he was incarcerated, exhibiting a renewed threat to the petitioner of
family abuse.

A preliminary protective order may include any one or more of the following conditions to beimposed on the allegedly abusing person:

35 1. Prohibiting acts of family abuse or criminal offenses that result in injury to person or property.

36 2. Prohibiting such contacts by the respondent with the petitioner or family or household members37 of the petitioner as the court deems necessary for the health or safety of such persons.

38 3. Granting the petitioner possession of the premises occupied by the parties to the exclusion of
39 the allegedly abusing person; however, no such grant of possession shall affect title to any real or personal
40 property.

4. Enjoining the respondent from terminating any necessary utility service to a premises that the
petitioner has been granted possession of pursuant to subdivision 3 or, where appropriate, ordering the
respondent to restore utility services to such premises.

5. Granting the petitioner and, where appropriate, any other family or household member of the
petitioner, exclusive use and possession of a cellular telephone number or electronic device. The court
may enjoin the respondent from terminating a cellular telephone number or electronic device before the
expiration of the contract term with a third-party provider. The court may enjoin the respondent from
using a cellular telephone or other electronic device to locate the petitioner.

49 6. Granting the petitioner temporary possession or use of a motor vehicle owned by the petitioner
50 alone or jointly owned by the parties to the exclusion of the allegedly abusing person; however, no such
51 grant of possession or use shall affect title to the vehicle.

7. Requiring that the allegedly abusing person provide suitable alternative housing for the
petitioner and any other family or household member and, where appropriate, requiring the respondent to
pay deposits to connect or restore necessary utility services in the alternative housing provided.

55 8. Granting the petitioner the possession of any companion animal as defined in § 3.2-6500 if such
56 petitioner meets the definition of owner in § 3.2-6500.

57 9. Any other relief necessary for the protection of the petitioner and family or household members58 of the petitioner.

59 B. The court shall forthwith, but in all cases no later than the end of the business day on which the 60 order was issued, enter and transfer electronically to the Virginia Criminal Information Network the 61 respondent's identifying information and the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person provided to the court. A copy of a preliminary protective order containing any such identifying information 62 63 shall be forwarded forthwith to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of 64 protective orders. Upon receipt of the order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall 65 forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary to the identifying information and other 66 appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information 67 Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 68 and the order shall be served forthwith on the allegedly abusing person in person as provided in § 16.1-69 264 and due return made to the court. However, if the order is issued by the circuit court, the clerk of the 70 circuit court shall forthwith forward an attested copy of the order containing the respondent's identifying 71 information and the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person provided to the court to 72 the primary law-enforcement agency providing service and entry of protective orders and upon receipt of 73 the order, the primary law-enforcement agency shall enter the name of the person subject to the order and 74 other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal 75 Information Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et 76 seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served forthwith on the allegedly abusing person in person as 77 provided in § 16.1-264. Upon service, the agency making service shall enter the date and time of service 78 and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal

79 Information Network and make due return to the court. The preliminary order shall specify a date for the 80 full hearing. The hearing shall be held within 15 days of the issuance of the preliminary order, unless the 81 hearing has been continued pursuant to this subsection or court is closed pursuant to § 16.1-69.35 or 17.1-82 207 and such closure prevents the hearing from being held within such time period, in which case the 83 hearing shall be held on the next day not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which the court is 84 lawfully closed. If such court is closed pursuant to § 16.1-69.35 or 17.1-207, the preliminary protective 85 order shall remain in full force and effect until it is dissolved by such court, until another preliminary 86 protective order is entered, or until a protective order is entered. If the respondent fails to appear at this 87 hearing because the respondent was not personally served, or if personally served was incarcerated and 88 not transported to the hearing, the court may extend the protective order for a period not to exceed six 89 months. The extended protective order shall be served forthwith on the respondent. However, upon motion 90 of where the petitioner shows by clear and convincing evidence that a continuance is necessary to meet 91 the ends of justice or the respondent-and for shows good cause-shown, the court may continue the hearing. 92 The preliminary order shall remain in effect until the hearing. Upon request after the order is issued, the 93 clerk shall provide the petitioner with a copy of the order and information regarding the date and time of 94 service. The order shall further specify that either party may at any time file a motion with the court 95 requesting a hearing to dissolve or modify the order. The hearing on the motion shall be given precedence 96 on the docket of the court. Upon petitioner's motion to dissolve the preliminary protective order, a 97 dissolution order may be issued ex parte by the court with or without a hearing. If an ex parte hearing is 98 held, it shall be heard by the court as soon as practicable. If a dissolution order is issued ex parte, the court 99 shall serve a copy of such dissolution order on respondent in conformity with §§ 8.01-286.1 and 8.01-296.

Upon receipt of the return of service or other proof of service pursuant to subsection C of § 16.1-264, the clerk shall forthwith forward an attested copy of the preliminary protective order to the primary law-enforcement agency, and the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary into the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above. If the order is later dissolved or modified, a copy of the dissolution or modification order shall also be attested, forwarded forthwith to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders, and upon receipt

of the order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any
 modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information required by the
 Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above and the
 order shall be served forthwith and due return made to the court.

C. The preliminary order is effective upon personal service on the allegedly abusing person. Except
as otherwise provided in § 16.1-253.2, a violation of the order shall constitute contempt of court.

D. At a full hearing on the petition, the court may issue a protective order pursuant to § 16.1-279.1
if the court finds that the petitioner has proven the allegation of family abuse by a preponderance of the
evidence.

E. Neither a law-enforcement agency, the attorney for the Commonwealth, a court nor the clerk's office, nor any employee of them, may disclose, except among themselves, the residential address, telephone number, or place of employment of the person protected by the order or that of the family of such person, except to the extent that disclosure is (i) required by law or the Rules of the Supreme Court, (ii) necessary for law-enforcement purposes, or (iii) permitted by the court for good cause.

120 F. As used in this section, "copy" includes a facsimile copy.

121 G. No fee shall be charged for filing or serving any petition or order pursuant to this section.

H. Upon issuance of a preliminary protective order, the clerk of the court shall make available to
the petitioner information that is published by the Department of Criminal Justice Services for victims of
domestic violence or for petitioners in protective order cases.

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# § 16.1-279.1. Protective order in cases of family abuse.

A. In cases of family abuse, including any case involving an incarcerated or recently incarcerated respondent against whom a preliminary protective order has been issued pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, the court may issue a protective order to protect the health and safety of the petitioner and family or household members of the petitioner. A protective order issued under this section may include any one or more of the following conditions to be imposed on the respondent:

131 1. Prohibiting acts of family abuse or criminal offenses that result in injury to person or property;

132 2. Prohibiting such contacts by the respondent with the petitioner or family or household members133 of the petitioner as the court deems necessary for the health or safety of such persons;

134 3. Granting the petitioner possession of the residence occupied by the parties to the exclusion of135 the respondent; however, no such grant of possession shall affect title to any real or personal property;

4. Enjoining the respondent from terminating any necessary utility service to the residence to
which the petitioner was granted possession pursuant to subdivision 3 or, where appropriate, ordering the
respondent to restore utility services to that residence;

5. Granting the petitioner and, where appropriate, any other family or household member of the
petitioner, exclusive use and possession of a cellular telephone number or electronic device. The court
may enjoin the respondent from terminating a cellular telephone number or electronic device before the
expiration of the contract term with a third-party provider. The court may enjoin the respondent from
using a cellular telephone or other electronic device to locate the petitioner;

6. Granting the petitioner temporary possession or use of a motor vehicle owned by the petitioner
alone or jointly owned by the parties to the exclusion of the respondent and enjoining the respondent from
terminating any insurance, registration, or taxes on the motor vehicle and directing the respondent to
maintain the insurance, registration, and taxes, as appropriate; however, no such grant of possession or
use shall affect title to the vehicle;

149 7. Requiring that the respondent provide suitable alternative housing for the petitioner and, if
150 appropriate, any other family or household member and where appropriate, requiring the respondent to
151 pay deposits to connect or restore necessary utility services in the alternative housing provided;

152 8. Ordering the respondent to participate in treatment, counseling or other programs as the court153 deems appropriate;

9. Granting the petitioner the possession of any companion animal as defined in § 3.2-6500 if such
petitioner meets the definition of owner in § 3.2-6500; and

156 10. Any other relief necessary for the protection of the petitioner and family or household members157 of the petitioner, including a provision for temporary custody or visitation of a minor child.

158 A1. If a protective order is issued pursuant to subsection A, the court may also issue a temporary 159 child support order for the support of any children of the petitioner whom the respondent has a legal 160 obligation to support. Such order shall terminate upon the determination of support pursuant to § 20-108.1. 161 B. 1. The protective order may be issued for a specified period of time up to a maximum of two 162 years. The protective order shall expire at 11:59 p.m. on the last day specified or at 11:59 p.m. on the last 163 day of the two-year period if no date is specified. Prior to the expiration of the protective order, a petitioner 164 may file a written motion requesting a hearing to extend the order. Proceedings to extend a protective 165 order shall be given precedence on the docket of the court. A written motion requesting a hearing to extend 166 the protective order shall be served as soon as possible on the respondent. 167 If the petitioner was a family or household member of the respondent at the time the initial 168 protective order was issued, the court may extend the protective order for a period not longer than two 169 years to protect the health and safety of the petitioner or persons who are family or household members 170 of the petitioner at the time the request for an extension is made. The extension of the protective order 171 shall expire at 11:59 p.m. on the last day specified or at 11:59 p.m. on the last day of the two-year period 172 if no date is specified. Nothing herein shall limit the number of extensions that may be requested or issued. 173 2. Upon the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend the protective order, the court 174 may issue an ex parte preliminary protective order pursuant to § 16.1-253.1 until the extension hearing. 175 The ex parte preliminary protective order shall specify a date for the extension hearing, which shall be 176 held within 15 days of the issuance of the ex parte preliminary protective order and may be held after the 177 expiration of the protective order. If the respondent fails to appear at the extension hearing because the 178 respondent was not personally served, the court shall schedule a new date for the extension hearing and 179 may extend the ex parte preliminary protective order until such new date. The extended ex parte 180 preliminary protective order shall be served as soon as possible on the respondent. If the respondent was 181 personally served, where the petitioner shows by clear and convincing evidence that a continuance is 182 necessary to meet the ends of justice or the respondent shows good cause, the court may continue the 183 extension hearing and such ex parte preliminary protective order shall remain in effect until the extension 184 hearing.

185 C. A copy of the protective order shall be served on the respondent and provided to the petitioner 186 as soon as possible. The court, including a circuit court if the circuit court issued the order, shall forthwith, 187 but in all cases no later than the end of the business day on which the order was issued, enter and transfer 188 electronically to the Virginia Criminal Information Network the respondent's identifying information and 189 the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person provided to the court and shall forthwith 190 forward the attested copy of the protective order containing any such identifying information to the 191 primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders. Upon receipt of 192 the order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any 193 modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information required by the 194 Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network established and maintained 195 by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served 196 forthwith upon the respondent and due return made to the court. Upon service, the agency making service 197 shall enter the date and time of service and other appropriate information required by the Department of 198 State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network and make due return to the court. If the order 199 is later dissolved or modified, a copy of the dissolution or modification order shall also be attested, 200 forwarded forthwith to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective 201 orders, and upon receipt of the order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith 202 verify and enter any modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate 203 information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network 204 as described above and the order shall be served forthwith and due return made to the court.

205 D. Except as otherwise provided in § 16.1-253.2, a violation of a protective order issued under this
206 section shall constitute contempt of court.

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section shall constitute contempt of court. E. The court may assess costs and <u>attorneys' attorney</u> fees against either party regardless of whether

**208** an order of protection has been issued as a result of a full hearing.

F. Any judgment, order or decree, whether permanent or temporary, issued by a court of
appropriate jurisdiction in another state, the United States or any of its territories, possessions or
Commonwealths, the District of Columbia or by any tribal court of appropriate jurisdiction for the purpose

212 of preventing violent or threatening acts or harassment against or contact or communication with or 213 physical proximity to another person, including any of the conditions specified in subsection A, shall be 214 accorded full faith and credit and enforced in the Commonwealth as if it were an order of the 215 Commonwealth, provided reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard were given by the issuing 216 jurisdiction to the person against whom the order is sought to be enforced sufficient to protect such 217 person's due process rights and consistent with federal law. A person entitled to protection under such a 218 foreign order may file the order in any juvenile and domestic relations district court by filing with the 219 court an attested or exemplified copy of the order. Upon such a filing, the clerk shall forthwith forward an 220 attested copy of the order to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of 221 protective orders which shall, upon receipt, enter the name of the person subject to the order and other 222 appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information 223 Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 224 52. Where practical, the court may transfer information electronically to the Virginia Criminal Information 225 Network.

Upon inquiry by any law-enforcement agency of the Commonwealth, the clerk shall make a copy available of any foreign order filed with that court. A law-enforcement officer may, in the performance of his duties, rely upon a copy of a foreign protective order or other suitable evidence which has been provided to him by any source and may also rely upon the statement of any person protected by the order that the order remains in effect.

G. Either party may at any time file a written motion with the court requesting a hearing to dissolve or modify the order. Proceedings to dissolve or modify a protective order shall be given precedence on the docket of the court. Upon petitioner's motion to dissolve the protective order, a dissolution order may be issued ex parte by the court with or without a hearing. If an ex parte hearing is held, it shall be heard by the court as soon as practicable. If a dissolution order is issued ex parte, the court shall serve a copy of such dissolution order on respondent in conformity with §§ 8.01-286.1 and 8.01-296.

H. As used in this section:

**238** "Copy" includes a facsimile copy; and.

**OFFERED FOR CONSIDERATION** 

239 "Protective order" includes an initial, modified or extended protective order.
240 I. Neither a law-enforcement agency, the attorney for the Commonwealth, a court nor the clerk's
241 office, nor any employee of them, may disclose, except among themselves, the residential address,
242 telephone number, or place of employment of the person protected by the order or that of the family of
243 such person, except to the extent that disclosure is (i) required by law or the Rules of the Supreme Court,
244 (ii) necessary for law-enforcement purposes, or (iii) permitted by the court for good cause.

**245** J. No fee shall be charged for filing or serving any petition or order pursuant to this section.

K. Upon issuance of a protective order, the clerk of the court shall make available to the petitioner
information that is published by the Department of Criminal Justice Services for victims of domestic
violence or for petitioners in protective order cases.

249 L. An appeal of a protective order issued pursuant to this section shall be given expedited review250 by the Court of Appeals.

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# § 19.2-152.9. Preliminary protective orders.

252 A. Upon the filing of a petition alleging that (i) the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable 253 period of time, subjected to an act of violence, force, or threat, or (ii) a petition or warrant has been issued 254 for the arrest of the alleged perpetrator for any criminal offense resulting from the commission of an act 255 of violence, force, or threat, or the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend a protective 256 order pursuant to § 19.2-152.10 without alleging that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable 257 period of time, subject to an act of violence, force, or threat, or that a petition or warrant has been issued 258 for the arrest of the alleged perpetrator for any criminal offense resulting from the commission of an act 259 of violence, force, or threat, the court may issue a preliminary protective order against the alleged 260 perpetrator in order to protect the health and safety of the petitioner or any family or household member 261 of the petitioner. The order may be issued in an exparte proceeding upon good cause shown when the 262 petition is supported by an affidavit or sworn testimony before the judge or intake officer or upon the 263 filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend a protective order pursuant to § 19.2-152.10. If 264 an ex parte order is issued without an affidavit or a completed form as prescribed by subsection D of § 265 19.2-152.8 being presented, the court, in its order, shall state the basis upon which the order was entered,

including a summary of the allegations made and the court's findings. Immediate and present danger of
any act of violence, force, or threat or evidence sufficient to establish probable cause that an act of
violence, force, or threat has recently occurred shall constitute good cause.

269 A preliminary protective order may include any one or more of the following conditions to be270 imposed on the respondent:

271 1. Prohibiting acts of violence, force, or threat or criminal offenses that may result in injury to272 person or property;

273 2. Prohibiting such other contacts by the respondent with the petitioner or the petitioner's family274 or household members as the court deems necessary for the health and safety of such persons;

3. Such other conditions as the court deems necessary to prevent (i) acts of violence, force, or
threat, (ii) criminal offenses that may result in injury to person or property, or (iii) communication or other
contact of any kind by the respondent; and

4. Granting the petitioner the possession of any companion animal as defined in § 3.2-6500 if such
petitioner meets the definition of owner in § 3.2-6500.

280 B. The court shall forthwith, but in all cases no later than the end of the business day on which the 281 order was issued, enter and transfer electronically to the Virginia Criminal Information Network the 282 respondent's identifying information and the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person 283 provided to the court. A copy of a preliminary protective order containing any such identifying information 284 shall be forwarded forthwith to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of 285 protective orders. Upon receipt of the order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall 286 forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary to the identifying information and other 287 appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information 288 Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 289 and the order shall be served forthwith on the alleged perpetrator in person as provided in § 16.1-264, and 290 due return made to the court. However, if the order is issued by the circuit court, the clerk of the circuit 291 court shall forthwith forward an attested copy of the order containing the respondent's identifying 292 information and the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person provided to the court to

293 the primary law-enforcement agency providing service and entry of protective orders and upon receipt of 294 the order, the primary law-enforcement agency shall enter the name of the person subject to the order and 295 other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal 296 Information Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et 297 seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served forthwith on the alleged perpetrator in person as provided in § 16.1-264. Upon service, the agency making service shall enter the date and time of service and other 298 299 appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information 300 Network and make due return to the court. The preliminary order shall specify a date for the full hearing. 301 The hearing shall be held within 15 days of the issuance of the preliminary order, unless the hearing has 302 been continued pursuant to this subsection or the court is closed pursuant to § 16.1-69.35 or 17.1-207 and 303 such closure prevents the hearing from being held within such time period, in which case the hearing shall 304 be held on the next day not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which the court is lawfully closed. 305 If such court is closed pursuant to § 16.1-69.35 or 17.1-207, the preliminary protective order shall remain 306 in full force and effect until it is dissolved by such court, until another preliminary protective order is 307 entered, or until a protective order is entered. If the respondent fails to appear at this hearing because the 308 respondent was not personally served, the court may extend the protective order for a period not to exceed 309 six months. The extended protective order shall be served as soon as possible on the respondent. However, 310 upon motion of where the petitioner shows by clear and convincing evidence that a continuance is 311 necessary to meet the ends of justice or the respondent-and for shows good cause-shown, the court may 312 continue the hearing. The preliminary order shall remain in effect until the hearing. Upon request after the 313 order is issued, the clerk shall provide the petitioner with a copy of the order and information regarding 314 the date and time of service. The order shall further specify that either party may at any time file a motion 315 with the court requesting a hearing to dissolve or modify the order. The hearing on the motion shall be 316 given precedence on the docket of the court. Upon petitioner's motion to dissolve the preliminary 317 protective order, a dissolution order may be issued ex parte by the court with or without a hearing. If an 318 ex parte hearing is held, it shall be heard by the court as soon as practicable. If a dissolution order is issued

ex parte, the court shall serve a copy of such dissolution order on respondent in conformity with §§ 8.01-286.1 and 8.01-296.

321 Upon receipt of the return of service or other proof of service pursuant to subsection C of § 16.1-322 264, the clerk shall forthwith forward an attested copy of the preliminary protective order to primary law-323 enforcement agency and the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary into 324 the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above. If the order is later dissolved or modified, 325 a copy of the dissolution or modification order shall also be attested, forwarded forthwith to the primary 326 law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders, and upon receipt of the 327 order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any 328 modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information required by the 329 Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above and the 330 order shall be served forthwith and due return made to the court.

331 C. The preliminary order is effective upon personal service on the alleged perpetrator. Except as332 otherwise provided, a violation of the order shall constitute contempt of court.

D. At a full hearing on the petition, the court may issue a protective order pursuant to § 19.2-152.10 if the court finds that the petitioner has proven the allegation that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable period of time, subjected to an act of violence, force, or threat by a preponderance of the evidence.

**337** E. No fees shall be charged for filing or serving petitions pursuant to this section.

F. Neither a law-enforcement agency, the attorney for the Commonwealth, a court nor the clerk's
office, nor any employee of them, may disclose, except among themselves, the residential address,
telephone number, or place of employment of the person protected by the order or that of the family of
such person, except to the extent that disclosure is (i) required by law or the Rules of the Supreme Court,
(ii) necessary for law-enforcement purposes, or (iii) permitted by the court for good cause.

**343** G. As used in this section, "copy" includes a facsimile copy.

344 H. Upon issuance of a preliminary protective order, the clerk of the court shall make available to
345 the petitioner information that is published by the Department of Criminal Justice Services for victims of
346 domestic violence or for petitioners in protective order cases.

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# § 19.2-152.10. Protective order.

A. The court may issue a protective order pursuant to this chapter to protect the health and safety of the petitioner and family or household members of a petitioner upon (i) the issuance of a petition or warrant for, or a conviction of, any criminal offense resulting from the commission of an act of violence, force, or threat or (ii) a hearing held pursuant to subsection D of § 19.2-152.9. A protective order issued under this section may include any one or more of the following conditions to be imposed on the respondent:

354 1. Prohibiting acts of violence, force, or threat or criminal offenses that may result in injury to355 person or property;

2. Prohibiting such contacts by the respondent with the petitioner or family or household membersof the petitioner as the court deems necessary for the health or safety of such persons;

358 3. Any other relief necessary to prevent (i) acts of violence, force, or threat, (ii) criminal offenses
359 that may result in injury to person or property, or (iii) communication or other contact of any kind by the
360 respondent; and

361 4. Granting the petitioner the possession of any companion animal as defined in § 3.2-6500 if such
362 petitioner meets the definition of owner in § 3.2-6500.

B.<u>1.</u> Except as provided in subsection C, the protective order may be issued for a specified period of time up to a maximum of two years. The protective order shall expire at 11:59 p.m. on the last day specified or at 11:59 p.m. on the last day of the two-year period if no date is specified. Prior to the expiration of the protective order, a petitioner may file a written motion requesting a hearing to extend the order. Proceedings to extend a protective order shall be given precedence on the docket of the court. <u>A</u> written motion requesting a hearing to extend the protective order shall be served as soon as possible on the respondent.

The court may extend the protective order for a period not longer than two years to protect the health and safety of the petitioner or persons who are family or household members of the petitioner at the time the request for an extension is made. The extension of the protective order shall expire at 11:59 p.m. on the last day specified or at 11:59 p.m. on the last day of the two-year period if no date is specified. Nothing herein shall limit the number of extensions that may be requested or issued.

375 2. Upon the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend the protective order, the court 376 may issue an exparte protective order pursuant to § 19.2-152.9 until the extension hearing. The exparte 377 preliminary protective order shall specify a date for the extension hearing, which shall be held within 15 378 days of the issuance of the exparte preliminary protective order and may be held after the expiration of 379 the protective order. If the respondent fails to appear at the extension hearing because the respondent was 380 not personally served, the court shall schedule a new date for the extension hearing and may extend the 381 ex parte protective order until such new date. The extended ex parte protective order shall be served as 382 soon as possible on the respondent. If the respondent was personally served, where the petitioner shows 383 by clear and convincing evidence that a continuance is necessary to meet the ends of justice or the 384 respondent shows good cause, the court may continue the extension hearing and such ex parte protective 385 order shall remain in effect until the extension hearing.

386 C. Upon conviction for an act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1 and upon the request of the 387 victim or of the attorney for the Commonwealth on behalf of the victim, the court may issue a protective 388 order to the victim pursuant to this chapter to protect the health and safety of the victim. The protective 389 order may be issued for any reasonable period of time, including up to the lifetime of the defendant, that 390 the court deems necessary to protect the health and safety of the victim. The protective order shall expire 391 at 11:59 p.m. on the last day specified in the protective order, if any. Upon a conviction for violation of a 392 protective order issued pursuant to this subsection, the court that issued the original protective order may 393 extend the protective order as the court deems necessary to protect the health and safety of the victim. The 394 extension of the protective order shall expire at 11:59 p.m. on the last day specified, if any. Nothing herein 395 shall limit the number of extensions that may be issued.

396 D. A copy of the protective order shall be served on the respondent and provided to the petitioner 397 as soon as possible. The court, including a circuit court if the circuit court issued the order, shall forthwith, 398 but in all cases no later than the end of the business day on which the order was issued, enter and transfer 399 electronically to the Virginia Criminal Information Network the respondent's identifying information and 400 the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person provided to the court and shall forthwith 401 forward the attested copy of the protective order and containing any such identifying information to the 402 primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders. Upon receipt of 403 the order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any 404 modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information required by the 405 Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network established and maintained 406 by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served 407 forthwith upon the respondent and due return made to the court. Upon service, the agency making service 408 shall enter the date and time of service and other appropriate information required into the Virginia 409 Criminal Information Network and make due return to the court. If the order is later dissolved or modified, 410 a copy of the dissolution or modification order shall also be attested, forwarded forthwith to the primary 411 law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders, and upon receipt of the 412 order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any 413 modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information required by the 414 Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above and the 415 order shall be served forthwith and due return made to the court.

416 E. Except as otherwise provided, a violation of a protective order issued under this section shall 417 constitute contempt of court.

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F. The court may assess costs and attorneys' attorney fees against either party regardless of whether 419 an order of protection has been issued as a result of a full hearing.

420 G. Any judgment, order or decree, whether permanent or temporary, issued by a court of 421 appropriate jurisdiction in another state, the United States or any of its territories, possessions or 422 Commonwealths, the District of Columbia or by any tribal court of appropriate jurisdiction for the purpose

423 of preventing violent or threatening acts or harassment against or contact or communication with or 424 physical proximity to another person, including any of the conditions specified in subsection A, shall be 425 accorded full faith and credit and enforced in the Commonwealth as if it were an order of the 426 Commonwealth, provided reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard were given by the issuing 427 jurisdiction to the person against whom the order is sought to be enforced sufficient to protect such 428 person's due process rights and consistent with federal law. A person entitled to protection under such a 429 foreign order may file the order in any appropriate district court by filing with the court, an attested or 430 exemplified copy of the order. Upon such a filing, the clerk shall forthwith forward an attested copy of 431 the order to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders 432 which shall, upon receipt, enter the name of the person subject to the order and other appropriate 433 information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network 434 established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52. Where 435 practical, the court may transfer information electronically to the Virginia Criminal Information Network.

Upon inquiry by any law-enforcement agency of the Commonwealth, the clerk shall make a copy
available of any foreign order filed with that court. A law-enforcement officer may, in the performance of
his duties, rely upon a copy of a foreign protective order or other suitable evidence which has been
provided to him by any source and may also rely upon the statement of any person protected by the order
that the order remains in effect.

H. Either party may at any time file a written motion with the court requesting a hearing to dissolve
or modify the order. Proceedings to modify or dissolve a protective order shall be given precedence on
the docket of the court. Upon petitioner's motion to dissolve the protective order, a dissolution order may
be issued ex parte by the court with or without a hearing. If an ex parte hearing is held, it shall be heard
by the court as soon as practicable. If a dissolution order is issued ex parte, the court shall serve a copy of
such dissolution order on respondent in conformity with §§ 8.01-286.1 and 8.01-296.

I. Neither a law-enforcement agency, the attorney for the Commonwealth, a court nor the clerk's
office, nor any employee of them, may disclose, except among themselves, the residential address,
telephone number, or place of employment of the person protected by the order or that of the family of

450 such person, except to the extent that disclosure is (i) required by law or the Rules of the Supreme Court, 451 (ii) necessary for law-enforcement purposes, or (iii) permitted by the court for good cause. 452 J. No fees shall be charged for filing or serving petitions pursuant to this section. 453 K. As used in this section: 454 "Copy" includes a facsimile copy; and. 455 "Protective order" includes an initial, modified or extended protective order. 456 L. Upon issuance of a protective order, the clerk of the court shall make available to the petitioner 457 information that is published by the Department of Criminal Justice Services for victims of domestic 458 violence or for petitioners in protective order cases. 459 M. An appeal of a protective order issued pursuant to this section shall be given expedited review 460 by the Court of Appeals. 461 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 462 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary 463 appropriation is \_\_\_\_\_\_ for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; 464 therefore, Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, requires the Virginia 465 Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-466 19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation is \_\_\_\_\_\_ for 467 periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice. #