

HOUSE BILL NO. 2385

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the House Committee on Communications, Technology and Innovation
on January 23, 2023)

(Patron Prior to Substitute--Delegate Brewer)

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-2009 and 23.1-1017 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 2.2-4321.4 and by adding in Chapter 55.3 of Title 2.2 a section numbered 2.2-5514.1, relating to administration of state government; prohibited actions; civil penalty.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-2009 and 23.1-1017 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 2.2-4321.4 and by adding in Chapter 55.3 of Title 2.2 a section numbered 2.2-5514.1 as follows:

§ 2.2-2009. Additional duties of the CIO relating to security of government information.

A. To provide for the security of state government electronic information from unauthorized uses, intrusions or other security threats, the CIO shall direct the development of policies, standards, and guidelines for assessing security risks, determining the appropriate security measures and performing security audits of government electronic information. Such policies, standards, and guidelines shall apply to the Commonwealth's executive, legislative, and judicial branches and independent agencies. The CIO shall work with representatives of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Joint Rules Committee of the General Assembly to identify their needs. Such policies, standards, and guidelines shall, at a minimum:

1. Address the scope and frequency of security audits. In developing and updating such policies, standards, and guidelines, the CIO shall designate a government entity to oversee, plan, and coordinate the conduct of periodic security audits of all executive branch agencies and independent agencies. The CIO shall coordinate these audits with the Auditor of Public Accounts and the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and the Joint Rules Committee of the

27 General Assembly shall determine the most appropriate methods to review the protection of electronic
28 information within their branches;

29 2. Control unauthorized uses, intrusions, or other security threats;

30 3. Provide for the protection of confidential data maintained by state agencies against unauthorized
31 access and use in order to ensure the security and privacy of citizens of the Commonwealth in their
32 interaction with state government. Such policies, standards, and guidelines shall include requirements that
33 (i) any state employee or other authorized user of a state technology asset provide passwords or other
34 means of authentication to use a technology asset and access a state-owned or state-operated computer
35 network or database and (ii) a digital rights management system or other means of authenticating and
36 controlling an individual's ability to access electronic records be utilized to limit access to and use of
37 electronic records that contain confidential information to authorized individuals;

38 4. Address the creation and operation of a risk management program designed to identify
39 information technology security gaps and develop plans to mitigate the gaps. All agencies in the
40 Commonwealth shall cooperate with the CIO, including (i) providing the CIO with information required
41 to create and implement a Commonwealth risk management program, (ii) creating an agency risk
42 management program, and (iii) complying with all other risk management activities; and

43 5. Require that any contract for information technology entered into by the Commonwealth's
44 executive, legislative, and judicial branches and independent agencies require compliance with applicable
45 federal laws and regulations pertaining to information security and privacy.

46 B. 1. The CIO shall annually report to the Governor, the Secretary, and General Assembly on the
47 results of security audits, the extent to which security policy, standards, and guidelines have been adopted
48 by executive branch and independent agencies, and a list of those executive branch agencies and
49 independent agencies that have not implemented acceptable security and risk management regulations,
50 policies, standards, and guidelines to control unauthorized uses, intrusions, or other security threats. For
51 any executive branch agency or independent agency whose security audit results and plans for corrective
52 action are unacceptable, the CIO shall report such results to (i) the Secretary, (ii) any other affected cabinet
53 secretary, (iii) the Governor, and (iv) the Auditor of Public Accounts. Upon review of the security audit

54 results in question, the CIO may take action to suspend the executive branch agency's or independent
55 agency's information technology projects pursuant to subsection B of § 2.2-2016.1, limit additional
56 information technology investments pending acceptable corrective actions, and recommend to the
57 Governor and Secretary any other appropriate actions.

58 2. Executive branch agencies and independent agencies subject to such audits as required by this
59 section shall fully cooperate with the entity designated to perform such audits and bear any associated
60 costs. Public bodies that are not required to but elect to use the entity designated to perform such audits
61 shall also bear any associated costs.

62 C. In addition to coordinating security audits as provided in subdivision B 1, the CIO shall conduct
63 an annual comprehensive review of cybersecurity policies of every executive branch agency, with a
64 particular focus on any breaches in information technology that occurred in the reviewable year and any
65 steps taken by agencies to strengthen cybersecurity measures. Upon completion of the annual review, the
66 CIO shall issue a report of his findings to the Chairmen of the House Committee on Appropriations and
67 the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations. Such report shall not contain technical information
68 deemed by the CIO to be security sensitive or information that would expose security vulnerabilities.

69 D. The provisions of this section shall not infringe upon responsibilities assigned to the
70 Comptroller, the Auditor of Public Accounts, or the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission by
71 other provisions of the Code of Virginia.

72 E. The CIO shall promptly receive reports from public bodies in the Commonwealth made in
73 accordance with § 2.2-5514 and shall take such actions as are necessary, convenient, or desirable to ensure
74 the security of the Commonwealth's electronic information and confidential data.

75 F. The CIO shall provide technical guidance to the Department of General Services in the
76 development of policies, standards, and guidelines for the recycling and disposal of computers and other
77 technology assets. Such policies, standards, and guidelines shall include the expunging, in a manner as
78 determined by the CIO, of all confidential data and personal identifying information of citizens of the
79 Commonwealth prior to such sale, disposal, or other transfer of computers or other technology assets.

80 G. The CIO shall provide all directors of agencies and departments with all such information,
81 guidance, and assistance required to ensure that agencies and departments understand and adhere to the
82 policies, standards, and guidelines developed pursuant to this section.

83 H. The CIO shall promptly notify all public bodies as defined in § 2.2-5514 of hardware, software,
84 or services that have been prohibited pursuant to Chapter 55.3 (§ 2.2-5514 et seq.). The CIO shall restrict
85 access to prohibited applications and websites in accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-5514.1.

86 I. 1. This subsection applies to the Commonwealth's executive, legislative, and judicial branches
87 and independent agencies.

88 2. In collaboration with the heads of executive branch and independent agencies and
89 representatives of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and the Joint Rules Committee of the General
90 Assembly, the CIO shall develop and annually update a curriculum and materials for training all state
91 employees in information security awareness and in proper procedures for detecting, assessing, reporting,
92 and addressing information security threats. The curriculum shall include activities, case studies,
93 hypothetical situations, and other methods of instruction (i) that focus on forming good information
94 security habits and procedures among state employees and (ii) that teach best practices for detecting,
95 assessing, reporting, and addressing information security threats.

96 3. Every state agency shall provide annual information security training for each of its employees
97 using the curriculum and materials developed by the CIO pursuant to subdivision 2. Employees shall
98 complete such training within 30 days of initial employment and by January 31 each year thereafter.

99 State agencies may develop additional training materials that address specific needs of such
100 agency, provided that such materials do not contradict the training curriculum and materials developed by
101 the CIO.

102 The CIO shall coordinate with and assist state agencies in implementing the annual information
103 security training requirement.

104 4. Each state agency shall (i) monitor and certify the training activity of its employees to ensure
105 compliance with the annual information security training requirement, (ii) evaluate the efficacy of the
106 information security training program, and (iii) forward to the CIO such certification and evaluation,

107 together with any suggestions for improving the curriculum and materials, or any other aspects of the
108 training program. The CIO shall consider such evaluations when it annually updates its curriculum and
109 materials.

110 **§ 2.2-4321.4. Prohibited contracts; Government of China; civil penalty.**

111 A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

112 "Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States" means an interagency committee (i)
113 operated pursuant to § 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. § 4501 et seq.), as amended,
114 and as implemented by Executive Order 11858, as amended, and the regulations set forth in 31 C.F.R. §
115 800 and (ii) authorized to (a) review certain real estate transactions by foreign persons in order to
116 determine the effect of such transactions on the national security of the United States and (b) respond to
117 new and emerging threats and vulnerabilities in the context of foreign investments.

118 "Company" means any sole proprietorship, organization, association, corporation, partnership,
119 joint venture, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, or other entity
120 or business association, including all wholly owned subsidiaries, majority owned subsidiaries, parent
121 companies, or affiliates of such entities or business associations, that exists for the purpose of making a
122 profit.

123 "Government of China" means the government of the People's Republic of China led by the
124 Chinese Communist Party.

125 "Scrutinized company" means any company owned or operated by the Government of China, other
126 than a company for which the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States has determined that
127 there are no unresolved national security concerns regarding the transaction that created such ownership
128 or permitted such operation.

129 "State agency" means any authority, board, department, instrumentality, institution, agency, or
130 other unit of state government. "State agency" does not include any locality or local or regional
131 governmental authority.

132 B. No state agency shall contract for goods or services with a scrutinized company or any affiliate
133 of a scrutinized company. A scrutinized company shall be prohibited from bidding on or submitting a
134 proposal, directly or indirectly through a third party, for a contract with any state agency.

135 C. A state agency shall require any company that submits a bid or proposal with respect to a
136 contract for goods or services to certify in writing that the company is not a scrutinized company. If the
137 state agency determines that the company has falsified information in submitting such certification, (i) the
138 state agency shall terminate the contract with the company, (ii) the company shall be prohibited from
139 bidding on any future state contracts, and (iii) the company shall be liable for a civil penalty in an amount
140 equal to the greater of \$250,000 or twice the amount of the contract for which the bid or proposal was
141 submitted.

142 D. If a state agency is considering a determination that the company has falsified information in
143 submitting such certification, the state agency shall proceed as follows:

144 1. Prior to the issuance of a determination, the state agency shall (i) notify the company in writing
145 that the state agency is considering such a determination and (ii) disclose the factual support for such a
146 determination.

147 2. Within 10 business days after receipt of such notice, the company may submit rebuttal
148 information to demonstrate that its certification was truthful and that it is not a scrutinized company.

149 3. The state agency shall issue its written determination on the basis of all information in its
150 possession, including any rebuttal information, within 10 business days of the date the state agency
151 received the rebuttal information. At the same time, the state agency shall notify the company of such
152 determination in writing.

153 4. Such notice shall state the basis for the determination, which shall be final unless the company
154 appeals the decision within 10 days after receipt of the notice by instituting legal action as provided in §
155 2.2-4364.

156 **§ 2.2-5514.1. Prohibited applications and websites.**

157 A. For the purposes of this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

158 "ByteDance Ltd." means the Chinese internet technology company founded by Zhang Yiming and
159 Liang Rubo in 2012, and any successor company or entity owned by such company.

160 "Executive branch agency" or "agency" means the same as that term is defined in § 2.2-2006.

161 "Tencent Holdings Ltd." means the Chinese multinational technology and entertainment
162 conglomerate and holding company headquartered in Shenzhen, China, and any successor company or
163 entity owned by such company.

164 "TikTok" means the video-sharing application developed by ByteDance Ltd. that hosts user-
165 submitted videos.

166 "WeChat" means the multi-purpose social media, messaging, and payment application developed
167 by Tencent Holdings Ltd.

168 B. Except as provided in subsection C, no employee or agent of any executive branch agency or
169 person or entity contracting with any such agency shall download or use any application, including TikTok
170 or WeChat, or access any website developed by ByteDance Ltd. or Tencent Holdings Ltd. (i) on any state-
171 issued device or state-owned or state-leased equipment, including mobile phones, desktop computers,
172 laptop computers, tablets, or other devices capable of connecting to the Internet, or (ii) while connected
173 to any wired or wireless Internet network owned, operated, or maintained by the Commonwealth.

174 C. The Superintendent of State Police or the chief law-enforcement officer of the appropriate
175 county or city may grant an exception to the provisions of subsection B for the purpose of allowing any
176 employee, agent, person, or entity to participate in any law-enforcement-related matters.

177 **§ 23.1-1017. Covered institutions; operational authority; procurement.**

178 A. Subject to the express provisions of the management agreement, each covered institution may
179 be exempt from the provisions of the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.), except for §§
180 2.2-4321.4, 2.2-4340, 2.2-4340.1, 2.2-4340.2, 2.2-4342, and 2.2-4376.2, which shall not be construed to
181 require compliance with the prequalification application procedures of subsection B of § 2.2-4317,
182 provided, however, that (i) any deviations from the Virginia Public Procurement Act in the management
183 agreement shall be uniform across all covered institutions and (ii) the governing board of the covered
184 institution shall adopt, and the covered institution shall comply with, policies for the procurement of goods

185 and services, including professional services, that shall (a) be based upon competitive principles; (b) in
186 each instance seek competition to the maximum practical degree; (c) implement a system of competitive
187 negotiation for professional services pursuant to §§ 2.2-4303.1 and 2.2-4302.2; (d) prohibit discrimination
188 in the solicitation and award of contracts on the basis of the bidder's or offeror's race, religion, color, sex,
189 sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability or on any other basis prohibited by
190 state or federal law; (e) incorporate the prompt payment principles of §§ 2.2-4350 and 2.2-4354; (f)
191 consider the impact on correctional enterprises under § 53.1-47; and (g) provide that whenever
192 solicitations are made seeking competitive procurement of goods or services, it shall be a priority of the
193 institution to provide for fair and reasonable consideration of small, women-owned, and minority-owned
194 businesses and to promote and encourage a diversity of suppliers.

195 B. Such policies may (i) provide for consideration of the dollar amount of the intended
196 procurement, the term of the anticipated contract, and the likely extent of competition; (ii) implement a
197 prequalification procedure for contractors or products; and (iii) include provisions for cooperative
198 arrangements with other covered institutions, other public or private educational institutions, or other
199 public or private organizations or entities, including public-private partnerships, public bodies, charitable
200 organizations, health care provider alliances or purchasing organizations or entities, state agencies or
201 institutions of the Commonwealth or the other states, the District of Columbia, the territories, or the United
202 States, and any combination of such organizations and entities.

203 C. Nothing in this section shall preclude a covered institution from requesting and utilizing the
204 assistance of the Virginia Information Technologies Agency for information technology procurements
205 and covered institutions are encouraged to utilize such assistance.

206 D. Each covered institution shall post on the Department of General Services' central electronic
207 procurement website all Invitations to Bid, Requests for Proposal, sole source award notices, and
208 emergency award notices to ensure visibility and access to the Commonwealth's procurement
209 opportunities on one website.

210 E. As part of any procurement provisions of the management agreement, the governing board of a
211 covered institution shall identify the public, educational, and operational interests served by any

212 procurement rule that deviates from procurement rules in the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-
213 4300 et seq.).

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