1	SENATE BILL NO. 538
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the House Committee on Commerce and Energy
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteSenator Peake)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact § 11-4.6 of the Code of Virginia, relating to nonpayment of wages; defense
7	of contractor.
8	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
9	1. That § 11-4.6 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
10	§ 11-4.6. Liability of contractor for wages of subcontractor's employees.
11	A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:
12	"Construction contract" means a contract between a general contractor and a subcontractor relating
13	to the construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of a building, structure, or appurtenance thereto,
14	including moving, demolition, and excavation connected therewith, or any provision contained in any
15	contract relating to the construction of projects other than buildings.
16	"General contractor" and "subcontractor" have the meanings ascribed thereto in § 43-1, except that
17	those terms shall not include persons solely furnishing materials.
18	B. Any construction contract, including any prime contract between an owner and a general
19	contractor, any subcontract between a general contractor and its subcontractor, and any lower tier
20	subcontract, entered into on or after July 1, 2020, shall be deemed to include a provision under which the
21	general contractor, its subcontractor, and the subcontractor at any lower tier are jointly and severally liable
22	to pay any subcontractor's the employees of any subcontractor at any lower tier the greater of (i) all wages
23	due to a subcontractor's employees or to the lower tier subcontractor's employees at such rate and upon
24	such terms as shall be provided in the employment agreement between the subcontractor and its employees
25	or (ii) the amount of wages that the subcontractor or any lower tier subcontractor is required to pay to its

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employees under the provisions of applicable law, including the provisions of the Virginia Minimum
Wage Act (§ 40.1-28.8 et seq.) and the federal Fair Labor Standards Act (29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.).

C. A general contractor shall be deemed to be the employer of a subcontractor's employees at any tier for purposes of § 40.1-29. If the wages due to the subcontractor's employees under the terms of the employment agreement between a subcontractor and its employees are not paid, the general contractor shall be subject to all penalties, criminal and civil, to which an employer that fails or refuses to pay wages is subject under § 40.1-29. Any liability of a general contractor pursuant to § 40.1-29 shall be joint and several with the subcontractor that failed or refused to pay the wages to its employees.

D. Except as otherwise provided in a contract between the general contractor and the subcontractor, the subcontractor shall indemnify the general contractor for any wages, damages, interest, penalties, or attorney fees owed as a result of the subcontractor's failure to pay wages to the subcontractor's employees as provided in subsection B, unless the subcontractor's failure to pay the wages was due to the general contractor's failure to pay moneys due to the subcontractor in accordance with the terms of their construction contract.

40 E. The provisions of this section shall only apply if (i) it can be demonstrated that the general 41 contractor knew or should have known that the subcontractor was not paying his employees all wages 42 due, (ii) the construction contract is related to a project other than a single family residential project, and 43 (iii) the value of the project, or an aggregate of projects under one construction contract, is greater than 44 \$500,000. As evidence a general contractor may offer a written certification, under oath, from the It shall 45 be a valid defense if the general contractor or subcontractor, regardless of tier, obtains a written 46 certification from its subcontractor in direct privity of contract with the general contractor or subcontractor 47 stating that (a) the subcontractor and each of his sub-subcontractors has paid all employees all wages due 48 for the period during which the wages are claimed for the work performed on the project and (b) to the 49 subcontractor's knowledge all sub-subcontractors below the subcontractor, regardless of tier, have 50 similarly paid their employees all such wages. Any person who falsely signs such certification shall be 51 personally liable to the general contractor or subcontractor for fraud and any damages the general 52 contractor or subcontractor may incur.

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