1	HOUSE BILL NO. 649
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
-	(Proposed by the House Committee on Appropriations
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteDelegate Carr)
6	A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 22.1-217.04, relating to language
7	development for children who are deaf or hard of hearing; assessment resources for parents and
8	educators; advisory committee; report.
9	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
10	1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 22.1-217.04 as follows:
11	§ 22.1-217.04. Language development for children who are deaf or hard of hearing;
12	assessment resources for parents and educators; advisory committee; report.
13	A. For the purposes of this section, "language developmental milestones" means milestones of
14	development aligned to the existing instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities
15	pursuant to federal law.
16	B. 1. The Department, in coordination with the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and
17	the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall establish an advisory committee
18	for the purpose of soliciting input from members on the selection of language developmental milestones
19	for inclusion in a resource for use by parents of a child from birth to age five who is identified as deaf or
20	hard of hearing to monitor and track the child's expressive and receptive language acquisition and
21	developmental stages toward English literacy. The advisory committee shall consist of 16 nonlegislative
22	citizen members, nine of which shall be voting members as described in subdivision 2 and seven of which
23	shall be nonvoting members as described in subdivision 3. The majority of members shall be deaf or hard
24	of hearing, and all of the members shall have experience in the field of education of individuals who are
25	deaf or hard of hearing. The advisory committee shall have a balance of members who personally,

26	professionally, or parentally use the dual languages of American Sign Language and English and members
27	who personally, professionally, or parentally use only spoken English.
28	2. The nine voting members of the committee shall be as follows:
29	a. One parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing who has chosen American Sign Language
30	as the primary language for his child;
31	b. One parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing who has chosen spoken language as the
32	communication mode for his child;
33	c. One parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing who has chosen cued speech as the
34	communication mode for his child;
35	d. One teacher for the deaf or hard-of-hearing or developmental specialist who possesses the
36	highest skill level in the development of American Sign Language competence with experience in early
37	intervention;
38	e. One teacher for the deaf or hard-of-hearing or developmental specialist who possesses the
39	highest skill level in the development of spoken language competence for children with hearing loss with
40	experience in early intervention;
41	f. One teacher for the deaf or hard-of-hearing or early intervention specialist who possesses the
42	highest skill level in the development of cued speech or language competence with experience in early
43	intervention;
44	g. One speech-language pathologist who possesses the highest skill level in the development of
45	American Sign Language with experience in early intervention;
46	h. One speech-language pathologist who possesses the highest skill level in the development of
47	spoken language for children with hearing loss with experience in early intervention; and
48	i. One service coordinator from early intervention with experience in providing families with
49	unbiased information regarding communication methodologies available to families.
50	3. The seven nonvoting members of the committee shall be representatives of each of the following
51	agencies or committees, as determined by the agency head or committee chair:
52	a. The Virginia Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Program Advisory Committee;

53	b. The Virginia School for the Deaf and the Blind;
54	c. The Infant and Toddler Connection of Virginia;
55	d. The Virginia Department of Education;
56	e. The Center for Family Involvement at the Virginia Commonwealth University Partnership for
57	People with Disabilities;
58	f. The Virginia Department for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing; and
59	g. The Virginia Association of the Deaf.
60	C. No later than March 1, 2023, the Department, in coordination with the Department for the Deaf
61	and Hard-of-Hearing and the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall provide
62	the advisory committee established pursuant to subsection B with a list of all existing language
63	developmental milestones from standardized norms and any relevant information regarding such language
64	developmental milestones for possible inclusion in the parent resource set forth in subsection D. No later
65	than June 1, 2023, the advisory committee shall recommend language developmental milestones for
66	inclusion in the parent resource and may make recommendations for tools or assessments to be included
67	in an educator resource set forth in subsection E for use in assessing the language and literacy development
68	of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing. No later than June 30, 2023, the
69	Department, in coordination with the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and the Department
70	of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall select language developmental milestones for
71	inclusion in the parent resource and inform the advisory committee of its selections.
72	D. The Department, in coordination the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and the
73	Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall, after considering the
74	recommendations submitted by the advisory committee, select language developmental milestones for
75	inclusion in a resource, and develop such resource, for use by parents of a child from birth to age five who
76	is identified as deaf or hard of hearing to monitor and track the child's expressive and receptive language
77	acquisition and developmental stages toward English literacy. Such parent resource shall:
78	1. Be appropriate for use, in both content and administration, with children who use American
79	Sign Language, English, or both;

80	2. Present the language development milestones selected pursuant to subsection C in terms of
81	typical development of all children in a particular age range;
82	3. Be written for clarity and ease of use by parents;
83	4. Be aligned to the Department's existing infant, toddler, and preschool guidelines; the existing
84	instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law; and state
85	standards in English language arts;
86	5. Make clear that parents have the right to select American Sign Language, English, or both for
87	their child's language acquisition and developmental milestones;
88	6. Make clear that the parent resource is not a formal assessment of language and literacy
89	development and that parents' observations of their child may differ from formal assessment data
90	presented at an Individual Family Service Plan (IFSP) or Individualized Education Program (IEP)
91	meeting;
92	7. Explain that parents may bring the parent resource to an IFSP or IEP meeting for purposes of
93	sharing their observations about their child's development; and
94	8. Include fair, balanced, and comprehensive information about American Sign Language and
95	English and respective communication modes as well as available services and programs.
96	The Department, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of
97	Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall jointly disseminate the resource to parents of
98	children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing.
99	E. The Department, in coordination with the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and
100	the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall, after considering any
101	recommendations submitted by the advisory committee, select existing tools or assessments for early
102	intervention specialists and educators for use in assessing the language and literacy development of
103	children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing. Such tools or assessments shall:
104	1. Be in a format that shows stages of language and literacy development;

105	2. Be selected for use by educators to track the expressive and receptive language acquisition and
106	developmental stages toward English literacy of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of
107	hearing; and
108	3. Be appropriate, in both content and administration, for use with children who are deaf or hard
109	of hearing and who use American Sign Language, English, or both.
110	The Department, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of
111	Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall jointly disseminate the tools or assessments selected
112	pursuant to this subsection to local educational agencies and provide materials and training on their use.
113	Such tools or assessments may be used by a child's IFSP or IEP team, as applicable, to track the expressive
114	and receptive language acquisition and developmental stages toward English literacy of such child or to
115	establish or modify IFSP or IEP plans.
116	F. In addition to the powers and duties set forth above, the advisory committee may:
117	1. Advise the Department, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department
118	of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or its contractor on the content and administration of
119	the existing instrument used to assess the development of children who are deaf or hard of hearing in order
120	to ensure the appropriate use of such instrument for the assessment of the language and literacy
121	development of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing; and
122	2. Make recommendations regarding future research to improve the measurement of the language
123	and literacy development of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing.
124	G. If a child from birth to age five who is deaf or hard of hearing does not demonstrate progress in
125	expressive and receptive language skills as measured by one of the educator tools or assessments selected
126	pursuant to subsection E or by the existing instrument used to assess the development of children who are
127	deaf or hard of hearing, such child's IFSP or IEP team, as applicable, shall explain in detail the reasons
128	why the child is not meeting or progressing toward the language developmental milestones and shall
129	recommend specific strategies, services, and programs that shall be provided to assist the child's progress
130	toward English literacy.

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131	H. No later than August 1, 2023, and no later than August 1 of each year thereafter, the Department,
132	in coordination with the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and the Department of Behavioral
133	Health and Developmental Services, shall produce a report, using existing data reported in compliance
134	with the federally required state performance plan on students with disabilities, that compares the language
135	and literacy development of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing with the
136	language and literacy development of their peers who are not deaf or hard of hearing and shall make such
137	report available to the public on its website.
138	I. The Department, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of
139	Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall comply with the provisions of the federal Individuals
140	with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1400 et seq.) and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy
141	Act (20 U.S.C. § 1232g) in carrying out the provisions of this section.
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