1	SENATE BILL NO. 671
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Education and Health
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteSenator Dunnavant)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.5, 54.1-3442.6, and 54.1-3442.7 of the Code of
7	Virginia, relating to pharmaceutical processors.
8	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
9	1. That §§ 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.5, 54.1-3442.6, and 54.1-3442.7 of the Code of Virginia are
10	amended and reenacted as follows:
11	§ 54.1-3408.3. Certification for use of cannabis oil for treatment.
12	A. As used in this section:
13	"Botanical cannabis" means cannabis that is composed wholly of usable cannabis from the same
14	parts of the same chemovar of cannabis plant.
15	"Cannabis oil" means any formulation of processed Cannabis plant extract, which may include-oil
16	from industrial hemp-extract extracts, including isolates and distillates, acquired by a pharmaceutical
17	processor pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6, or a dilution of the resin of the Cannabis plant that contains-at least
18	five milligrams of cannabidiol (CBD) or tetrahydrocannabinolic acid (THC-A) and no more than 10
19	milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol per dose. "Cannabis oil" does not include industrial hemp, as
20	defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law, unless it
21	has been grown and processed in the Commonwealth by a registered industrial hemp processor and
22	acquired and formulated with cannabis plant extract by a pharmaceutical processor.
23	"Cannabis product" means a product that is (i) produced by a pharmaceutical processor, registered
24	with the Board, and compliant with testing requirements and (ii) composed of cannabis oil or botanical
25	cannabis.

"Designated caregiver facility" means any hospice or hospice facility licensed pursuant to § 32.1162.3, or home care organization as defined in § 32.1-162.7 that provides pharmaceutical services or home
health services, private provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental
Services pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, assisted living facility
licensed pursuant to § 63.2-1701, or adult day care center licensed pursuant to § 63.2-1701.

31 "Practitioner" means a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed by the Board of Medicine,
32 a physician assistant licensed by the Board of Medicine, or a nurse practitioner jointly licensed by the
33 Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing.

34 "Registered agent" means an individual designated by a patient who has been issued a written
35 certification, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, designated
36 by such patient's parent or legal guardian, and registered with the Board pursuant to subsection G.

"Usable cannabis" means any cannabis plant material, including seeds, but not (i) resin that has
been extracted from any part of the cannabis plant, its seeds, or its resin; (ii) the mature stalks, fiber
produced from the stalks, or any other compound, manufacture, salt, or derivative, mixture, or preparation
of the mature stalks; or (iii) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant.

41 B. A practitioner in the course of his professional practice may issue a written certification for the 42 use of cannabis products for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of any diagnosed condition or disease 43 determined by the practitioner to benefit from such use. The practitioner shall use his professional 44 judgment to determine the manner and frequency of patient care and evaluation and may employ the use 45 of telemedicine, provided that the use of telemedicine includes the delivery of patient care through real-46 time interactive audio-visual technology. If a practitioner determines it is consistent with the standard of 47 care to dispense botanical cannabis to a minor, the written certification shall specifically authorize such 48 dispensing. If not specifically included on the initial written certification, authorization for botanical 49 cannabis may be communicated verbally or in writing to the pharmacist at the time of dispensing.

50 C. The written certification shall be on a form provided by the Office of the Executive Secretary
51 of the Supreme Court developed in consultation with the Board of Medicine Pharmacy. Such written
52 certification shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the practitioner; the name and

address of the patient issued the written certification; the date on which the written certification was
made; and the signature or authentic electronic signature of the practitioner. Such written certification
issued pursuant to subsection B shall expire no later than one year after its issuance unless the practitioner
provides in such written certification an earlier expiration. A written certification shall not be issued to a
patient by more than one practitioner during any given time period.

D. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 for the issuance of a certification for the use of cannabis products for the treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease pursuant to a written certification issued pursuant to subsection B. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Board of Medicine from sanctioning a practitioner for failing to properly evaluate or treat a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the applicable standard of care for evaluating or treating medical conditions.

E. A practitioner who issues a written certification to a patient pursuant to this section shall register
with the Board and shall hold sufficient education and training to exercise appropriate professional
judgment in the certification of patients. The Board shall not limit the number of patients to whom a
practitioner may issue a written certification. The Board may report information to the applicable licensing
board on unusual patterns of certifications issued by a practitioner.

69 F. A patient who has been issued a written certification shall register with the Board or, if such 70 patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, a patient's parent or legal guardian 71 shall register and shall register such patient with the Board. No patient shall be required to physically 72 present the written certification after the initial dispensing by any pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 73 dispensing facility under each written certification, provided that the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 74 dispensing facility maintains an electronic copy of the written certification.

G. A patient, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such
patient's parent or legal guardian, may designate an individual to act as his registered agent for the purposes
of receiving cannabis products pursuant to a valid written certification. Such designated individual shall
register with the Board. The Board may set a limit on the number of patients for whom any individual is
authorized to act as a registered agent.

H. Upon delivery of <u>a</u> cannabis-<u>oil product</u> by a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing
facility to a designated caregiver facility, any employee or contractor of a designated caregiver facility,
who is licensed or registered by a health regulatory board and who is authorized to possess, distribute, or
administer medications, may accept delivery of the cannabis-<u>oil product</u> on behalf of a patient or resident
for subsequent delivery to the patient or resident and may assist in the administration of the cannabis-<u>oil product</u> to the patient or resident as necessary.

I. The Board shall promulgate regulations to implement the registration process. Such regulations
shall include (i) a mechanism for sufficiently identifying the practitioner issuing the written certification,
the patient being treated by the practitioner, his registered agent, and, if such patient is a minor or an
incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2 369, the patient's parent or legal guardian; (ii) a process for
ensuring that any changes in the information are reported in an appropriate timeframe; and (iii) a
prohibition for the patient to be issued a written certification by more than one practitioner during any
given time period.

93 J. Information obtained under the registration process shall be confidential and shall not be subject 94 to the disclosure provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, 95 reasonable access to registry information shall be provided to (i) the Chairmen of the House Committee 96 for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, (ii) state and federal agencies or local 97 law enforcement for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting a specific individual for a specific 98 violation of law, (iii) licensed practitioners or pharmacists, or their agents, for the purpose of providing 99 patient care and drug therapy management and monitoring of drugs obtained by a registered patient, (iv) 100 a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility involved in the treatment of a registered patient, 101 or (v) a registered patient, his registered agent, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as 102 defined in § 18.2-369, the patient's parent or legal guardian, but only with respect to information related 103 to such-registered patient.

- 104 § 54.1-3442.5. Definitions.
- **105** As used in this article:

106 "Botanical cannabis," "cannabis oil," "cannabis product," and "usable cannabis" have the same107 meanings as specified in § 54.1-3408.3.

"Cannabis dispensing facility" means a facility that (i) has obtained a permit from the Board
pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6; (ii) is owned, at least in part, by a pharmaceutical processor; and (iii) dispenses
cannabis products produced by a pharmaceutical processor to a registered patient, his registered agent, or,
if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal
guardian.

113 "Designation

"Designated caregiver facility" has the same meaning as defined in § 54.1-3408.3.

"Pharmaceutical processor" means a facility that (i) has obtained a permit from the Board pursuant
to § 54.1-3408.3 and (ii) cultivates Cannabis plants intended only for the production of cannabis oil,
botanical cannabis, and usable cannabis, produces cannabis products, and dispenses cannabis products to
a-registered patient pursuant to a written certification, his registered agent, or, if such patient is a minor or
an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian.

**119** "Practitioner" has the same meaning as specified in § 54.1-3408.3.

**120** "Registered agent" has the same meaning as specified in § 54.1-3408.3.

121 § 54.1-3442.6. Permit to operate pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

A. No person shall operate a pharmaceutical processor or a cannabis dispensing facility without first obtaining a permit from the Board. The application for such permit shall be made on a form provided by the Board and signed by a pharmacist who will be in full and actual charge of the pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility. The Board shall establish an application fee and other general requirements for such application.

B. Each permit shall expire annually on a date determined by the Board in regulation. The number
of permits that the Board may issue or renew in any year is limited to one pharmaceutical processor and
up to five cannabis dispensing facilities for each health service area established by the Board of Health.
Permits shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor and
cannabis dispensing facility.

132 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing health, safety, and security requirements for 133 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities. Such regulations shall include requirements 134 for (i) physical standards; (ii) location restrictions; (iii) security systems and controls; (iv) minimum equipment and resources; (v) recordkeeping; (vi) labeling, including the potency of each botanical 135 136 cannabis product and the amounts recommended by the practitioner or dispensing pharmacist, and 137 packaging; (vii) routine inspections no more frequently than once annually; (viii) processes for safely and 138 securely dispensing and delivering in person cannabis products to a registered patient, his registered agent, 139 or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or 140 legal guardian; (ix) dosage limitations for cannabis oil that provide that each dispensed dose of cannabis 141 oil not exceed 10 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol; (x) a process for the wholesale distribution 142 of and the transfer of usable cannabis, botanical cannabis, cannabis oil, and cannabis products between 143 pharmaceutical processors, between a pharmaceutical processor and a cannabis dispensing facility, and 144 between cannabis dispensing facilities; (xi) an allowance for the sale of devices for administration of 145 dispensed cannabis products and hemp-based CBD products that meet the applicable standards set forth 146 in state and federal law, including the laboratory testing standards set forth in subsection M; (xii) an 147 allowance for the use and distribution of inert product samples containing no cannabinoids for patient 148 demonstration exclusively at the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility, and not for 149 further distribution or sale, without the need for a written certification; (xiii) a process for acquiring-oil 150 from industrial hemp-extract and formulating such oil extract with Cannabis plant extract into allowable 151 dosages of cannabis oil extracts and formulating such extracts into cannabis products; and (xiv) an 152 allowance for the advertising and promotion of the pharmaceutical processor's products and operations, 153 which shall not limit the pharmaceutical processor from the provision of educational material to 154 practitioners who issue written certifications and registered patients. The Board shall also adopt 155 regulations for pharmaceutical processors that include requirements for (a) processes for safely and 156 securely cultivating Cannabis plants intended for producing cannabis products, (b) the secure disposal of 157 agricultural waste, and (c) a process for registering cannabis oil products.

158 D. The Board shall require that, after processing and before dispensing any cannabis products, a 159 pharmaceutical processor shall make a sample available from each batch of cannabis product for testing 160 by an independent laboratory located in Virginia meeting Board requirements. A valid sample size for 161 testing shall be determined by each laboratory and may vary due to sample matrix, analytical method, and 162 laboratory-specific procedures. A minimum sample size of 0.5 percent of individual units for dispensing 163 or distribution from each homogenized batch of cannabis oil is required to achieve a representative 164 cannabis oil sample for analysis. A minimum sample size, to be determined by the certified testing 165 laboratory, from each batch of botanical cannabis is required to achieve a representative botanical cannabis 166 sample for analysis. Botanical cannabis products shall only be tested for the following: total cannabidiol 167 (CBD); total tetrahydrocannabinol (THC); terpenes; pesticide chemical residue; heavy metals; 168 mycotoxins; moisture; and microbiological contaminants. Testing thresholds shall be consistent with 169 generally accepted cannabis industry thresholds. The pharmaceutical processor may remediate botanical 170 cannabis or cannabis oil that fails any quality testing standard except pesticides. Following remediation, 171 all remediated botanical cannabis or cannabis oil shall be subject to laboratory testing and approved upon 172 satisfaction of applicable testing standards applied to cannabis oil generally, which shall not be more 173 stringent than initial testing prior to remediation. If the a batch of botanical cannabis fails retesting after 174 remediation, it shall be considered usable cannabis and may be processed into cannabis oil, unless the 175 failure is related to pesticide requirements, in which case the batch shall not be considered usable cannabis 176 and shall not be processed into cannabis oil. Stability testing shall not be required for any cannabis oil 177 product with an expiration date assigned by the pharmaceutical processor of six months or less from the 178 date of packaging the cannabis product registration approval. Stability testing required for assignment of 179 an expiration date longer than six months shall be limited to microbial testing, on a pass/fail basis, and 180 potency testing, on a 10 percent deviation basis, of active ingredients.

181 E. A laboratory testing samples for a pharmaceutical processor shall obtain a controlled substances
182 registration certificate pursuant to § 54.1-3423 and shall comply with quality standards established by the
183 Board in regulation.

F. Every pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility shall be under the personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility. The pharmaceutical processor shall ensure that security measures are adequate to protect the cannabis from diversion at all times, and the pharmacist-in-charge shall have concurrent responsibility for preventing diversion from the dispensing area.

Every pharmaceutical processor shall designate a person who shall have oversight of the cultivation and production areas of the pharmaceutical processor and shall provide such information to the Board. The Board shall direct all communications related to enforcement of requirements related to cultivation and production of cannabis oil products by the pharmaceutical processor to such designated person.

194 G. The Board shall require the material owners of an applicant for a pharmaceutical processor or 195 cannabis dispensing facility permit to submit to fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive 196 information to be forwarded along with his fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange 197 to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information 198 regarding the applicant's material owners. The cost of fingerprinting and the criminal history record search 199 shall be paid by the applicant. The Central Criminal Records Exchange shall forward the results of the 200 criminal history background check to the Board or its designee, which shall be a governmental entity. A 201 pharmaceutical processor shall maintain evidence of criminal background checks for all employees and 202 delivery agents of the pharmaceutical processor. Criminal background checks of employees and delivery 203 agents may be conducted by any service sufficient to disclose any federal and state criminal convictions.

H. In addition to other employees authorized by the Board, a pharmaceutical processor may employ individuals who may have less than two years of experience (i) to perform cultivation-related duties under the supervision of an individual who has received a degree in a field related to the cultivation of plants or a certification recognized by the Board or who has at least two years of experience cultivating plants, (ii) to perform extraction-related duties under the supervision of an individual who has a degree in chemistry or pharmacology or at least two years of experience extracting chemicals from plants, and (iii)

to perform duties at the pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility upon certification as apharmacy technician.

I. A pharmaceutical processor to whom a permit has been issued by the Board may establish up to five cannabis dispensing facilities for the dispensing of cannabis products that have been cultivated and produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board. Each cannabis dispensing facility shall be located within the same health service area as the pharmaceutical processor.

J. No person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or another
 jurisdiction within the last five years shall be employed by or act as an agent of a pharmaceutical processor
 or cannabis dispensing facility.

219 K. Every pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall adopt policies for pre220 employment drug screening and regular, ongoing, random drug screening of employees.

L. A pharmacist at the pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area and the cannabis dispensing facility shall determine the number of pharmacy interns, pharmacy technicians, and pharmacy technician trainees who can be safely and competently supervised at one time; however, no pharmacist shall supervise more than six persons performing the duties of a pharmacy technician at one time in the pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility.

226 M. A pharmaceutical processor may acquire industrial hemp-extract extracts grown and processed 227 in Virginia, and in compliance with state or federal law, from a registered industrial hemp dealer or 228 processor. A pharmaceutical processor may process and formulate such extract with cannabis plant extract 229 extracts into an allowable dosage of cannabis-oil product. Industrial hemp-extract extracts acquired and 230 formulated by a pharmaceutical processor-is are subject to the same third-party testing requirements that 231 may apply to cannabis plant extract. Testing shall be performed by a laboratory located in Virginia and in 232 compliance with state law governing the testing of cannabis products. The industrial hemp dealer or 233 processor shall provide such third-party testing results to the pharmaceutical processor before industrial 234 hemp-extract extracts may be acquired.

N. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§
2.2-4000 et seq.) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the adoption

237 of any regulation pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this section, the 238 Board of Pharmacy shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia Register of 239 Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice of opportunity to 240 comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed regulation; (ii) the text of the proposed regulation; 241 and (iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person responsible for receiving 242 public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 60 days in advance of the last date prescribed in such 243 notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 244 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for regulations pursuant to this section. 245 The Board of Pharmacy shall consider and keep on file all public comments received for any regulation 246 adopted pursuant to this section.

247 O. The Board shall register all cannabis products that meet testing, labeling, and packaging248 standards.

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## § 54.1-3442.7. Dispensing cannabis products; report.

250 A. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense or deliver cannabis 251 products only in person to (i) a patient who is a Virginia resident or temporarily resides in Virginia-as 252 made evident to the Board, and has been issued a valid written certification, and is registered with the 253 Board pursuant to § 54.1-3408.3; (ii) such patient's registered agent; or (iii) if such patient is a minor or 254 an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian who is a Virginia 255 resident or temporarily resides in Virginia as made evident to the Board and is registered with the Board 256 <del>pursuant to § 54.1-3408.3</del>. A companion may accompany a registered patient into a pharmaceutical 257 processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility. Prior to the initial dispensing of cannabis-oil 258 products pursuant to each written certification, a pharmacist or pharmacy technician employed by the 259 pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall make and maintain, on site or remotely by 260 electronic means, for two years a paper or electronic copy of the written certification that provides an 261 exact image of the document that is clearly legible; shall view, in person or by audiovisual means, a current 262 photo identification of the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal guardian; and shall verify current board 263 registration of the practitioner and the corresponding <del>patient,</del> registered agent, <del>parent, or legal guardian</del> if

264 applicable. Thereafter, an initial dispensing may be delivered to the patient, registered agent, parent, legal 265 guardian, or designated caregiver facility. Prior to any subsequent dispensing of cannabis-oil products pursuant to each written certification, an employee or delivery agent shall view a current photo 266 267 identification of the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal guardian and the current board registration 268 issued to the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal guardian if applicable. No pharmaceutical processor 269 or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense more than a 90-day supply of a cannabis product, as 270 determined by the dispensing pharmacist or certifying practitioner, for any patient during any 90-day 271 period; however, a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility may dispense more than one 272 cannabis product to a patient at one time. No more than four ounces of botanical cannabis shall be 273 dispensed for each 30-day period for which botanical cannabis is dispensed. A pharmaceutical processor 274 or cannabis dispensing facility may dispense less than a 90-day supply. In determining the appropriate 275 amount of a cannabis product to be dispensed to a patient, a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 276 dispensing facility shall consider all cannabis products dispensed to the patient and adjust the amount 277 dispensed accordingly.

B. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense only cannabis
products produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board or cannabis-oil
<u>products</u> that <u>has</u> <u>have</u> been formulated with <u>oil</u> <u>extracts</u> from industrial hemp acquired by a
pharmaceutical processor from a registered industrial hemp dealer or processor pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6.
A pharmaceutical processor may begin cultivation upon being issued a permit by the Board.

C. The Board shall report annually by December 1 to the Chairmen of the House Committee for
 Health, Welfare and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Education and Health on the operation of
 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities issued a permit by the Board, including the
 number of practitioners, patients, registered agents, and parents or legal guardians of patients who have
 registered with the Board and the number of written certifications issued pursuant to § 54.1-3408.3.

D. The concentration of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in any cannabis product on site may be up
 to 10 percent greater than or less than the level of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol measured for labeling. A
 pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility shall ensure that such concentration in any

cannabis product on site is within such range. A pharmaceutical processor producing cannabis productsshall establish a stability testing schedule of cannabis products.

293 2. That the Board of Pharmacy shall amend its regulations, including subsection A of 18VAC110-294 60-280 of the Virginia Administrative Code, to permit the use of hydrocarbon-based solvents, and 295 any other generally accepted technology, in the cultivation, extraction, production, or 296 manufacturing process of cannabis products.

3. That the Board of Pharmacy shall amend its regulations, including subsection B of 18VAC110-60-330 of the Virginia Administrative Code, to (i) require only the presence of a pharmacist or the responsible party to witness destruction and disposal of green waste, extracts, and cannabis oil, as applicable; (ii) allow for disposal of green waste by incineration, inert composting, or any other means of disposal or destruction; and (iii) allow a pharmaceutical processor to sell or otherwise distribute inert composted green waste.

303 4. That the Board of Pharmacy shall permit pharmaceutical processors to engage in wholesale transactions of bulk cannabis oil, botanical cannabis, and usable cannabis and amend its 304 305 regulations, including subsection A of 18VAC110-60-251 of the Virginia Administrative Code, to 306 remove the requirements that wholesale transactions of bulk cannabis oil, botanical cannabis, and 307 usable cannabis from any lot or batch (i) must have passed the tests required in subsections G and 308 H of 18VAC110-60-300 of the Virginia Administrative Code and (ii) are packaged and labeled for 309 sale with an appropriate expiration date in accordance with 18VAC110-60-300 of the Virginia 310 Administrative Code. The regulations shall state that wholesale cannabis oil, botanical cannabis, 311 and usable cannabis shall be packaged in a tamper-evident container and labeled with (a) the seller's 312 name and address; (b) the buyer's name and address; (c) the quantity or weight of the cannabis oil, 313 botanical cannabis, or usable cannabis in each container; (d) identification of the contents of the 314 container, including a brief description of the type or form of cannabis oil, botanical cannabis, or 315 usable cannabis and the strain name, as appropriate; (e) a unique serial number that will match a 316 cannabis product with the cultivator and manufacturer and lot or batch number to facilitate any 317 warnings or recalls that the Board of Pharmacy or any successor governmental or quasi-

318 governmental body authorized to regulate cannabis or the original pharmaceutical processor deems
319 appropriate; (f) the date of laboratory testing and the name and address of the testing laboratory;
320 (g) the dates of harvest and packaging; and (h) an expiration date.

5. That the Board of Pharmacy shall amend the pharmaceutical processor permit application to
include designation of a corporate point of contact who shall receive copies of all investigative and
disciplinary communications sent to the pharmacist in charge or responsible party.

324 6. That the Board of Pharmacy shall amend its regulations to allow pharmaceutical processors to 325 engage in marketing activity, inclusive of product, program, company, and related communications 326 other than those marketing activities that (i) include false or misleading statements; (ii) promote 327 excessive consumption; (iii) depict a person younger than 21 years of age consuming cannabis; (iv) 328 include any image designed or likely to appeal to minors, specifically including cartoons, toys, 329 animals, children, or any other likeness to images, characters, or phrases that are popularly used to 330 advertise to children; (v) depict products or product packaging or labeling that bears reasonable 331 resemblance to any product legally available for consumption as a candy or that promotes cannabis 332 consumption; or (vi) contain any seal, flag, crest, coat of arms, or other insignia that is likely to 333 mislead registered patients or the general public to believe that the cannabis product has been 334 endorsed, made, or used by the Commonwealth of Virginia or any of its representatives except 335 where specifically authorized.

7. That the Board of Pharmacy shall amend its regulations, including subsection B of 18VAC11060-285 of the Virginia Administrative Code, to include the following exceptions: (i) where the total
tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) concentration is less than 5 milligrams per dose, the concentration of
THC shall be within 0.5 milligrams per dose and (ii) where the total cannabidiol (CBD)
concentration is less than 5 milligrams per dose, the concentration of total CBD shall be within 0.5
milligrams per dose.

342 8. That the Board of Pharmacy shall amend its regulations, including 18VAC110-60-285 and
343 18VAC110-60-290 of the Virginia Administrative Code, in addition to its product registration form,

to permit labeling of cannabis products with an expiration date assigned by the pharmaceutical
 processor of six months or less from the date of the cannabis product registration approval.

346 9. That the Board of Pharmacy may assess and collect regulatory fees from each pharmaceutical
347 processor in an amount sufficient to implement the provisions of this act.

**348** 10. That the Board of Pharmacy's initial adoption of regulations necessary to implement the

349 provisions of this act shall be exempt from the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the

350 Code of Virginia), except that the Board of Pharmacy shall provide an opportunity for public

351 comment on the regulations prior to adoption of such regulations.

352 11. That the Board of Pharmacy shall amend and promulgate regulations in accordance with this

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**353** act by September 15, 2022.