1	HOUSE BILL NO. 898
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the House Committee for Courts of Justice
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteDelegate Kent)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 9.1-1104, 9.1-1111, 19.2-187.01, 19.2-270.5, 19.2-310.4, 19.2-310.5,
7	and 19.2-310.6 of the Code of Virginia, relating to Department of Forensic Science; laboratory
8	procedures; requirements regarding DNA profiles.
•	
9	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
10	1. That §§ 9.1-1104, 9.1-1111, 19.2-187.01, 19.2-270.5, 19.2-310.4, 19.2-310.5, and 19.2-310.6 of the
11	Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 9.1-1104. Rights of accused person or his attorney to results of investigation or to
13	investigation.
14	Upon the request of any person accused of a crime or upon the request of an accused person's
15	attorney, the Department or the Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services shall furnish to the accused
16	or his attorney the results of any investigation that has been conducted by it and that is related in any way
17	to a crime for which the person is accused. In any case in which an attorney of record for a person accused
18	of violation of any criminal law of the Commonwealth, or the accused, may desire a scientific
19	investigation, he shall, by motion filed before the court in which the charge is pending, certify that in good
20	faith he believes that a scientific investigation may be relevant to the criminal charge and that the
21	Department or the Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services has indicated it has a methodology to
22	perform the requested scientific investigation. The motion shall be heard ex parte as soon as practicable,
23	and the court shall, after a hearing upon the motion and being satisfied as to the correctness of the
24	certification, order that the same be performed by the Department or the Division of Consolidated
25	Laboratory Services and shall prescribe in its order the method of custody, transfer, and return of evidence

#### 24106203D

26

submitted for scientific investigation. Upon the request of the attorney for the Commonwealth of the

jurisdiction in which the charge is pending, he shall be furnished the results of the scientific investigation.

27 28

### § 9.1-1111. Scientific Advisory Committee; membership.

29 The Scientific Advisory Committee is hereby established as an advisory board within the meaning 30 of § 2.2-2100, in the executive branch of state government. The Scientific Advisory Committee (the 31 Committee) shall consist of 13 members, consisting of the Director of the Department, and 12 members 32 appointed by the Governor as follows: a director of a private or federal forensic laboratory-located in the 33 Commonwealth; a forensic scientist or any other person, with an advanced degree, who has received 34 substantial education, training, or experience in the subject of laboratory standards or quality assurance 35 regulation and monitoring; a forensic scientist with an advanced degree who has received substantial 36 education, training, or experience in the discipline of molecular biology; a forensic scientist with an 37 advanced degree and having experience in the discipline of population genetics; a scientist with an 38 advanced degree and having experience in the discipline of forensic chemistry; a scientist with an 39 advanced degree and having experience in the discipline of forensic biology; a forensic scientist or any 40 other person, with an advanced degree who has received substantial education, training, or experience in 41 the discipline of trace evidence; a scientist with a doctoral degree and having experience in the discipline 42 of forensic toxicology, who is certified by the American Board of Forensic Toxicologists Toxicology; a 43 member of the Board of the International Association for Identification when initially appointed; a 44 member of the Board of the Association of Firearms and Toolmark Tool Mark Examiners when initially 45 appointed; a member of the International Association for Chemical Testing; and a member of the 46 American Society of Crime Laboratory Directors.

47 Members of the Committee initially appointed shall serve the following terms: four members shall
48 serve a term of one year, four members shall serve a term of two years, and four members shall serve a
49 term of four years. Thereafter, all appointments shall be for a term of four years. A vacancy other than by
50 expiration of term shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired term.

§ 19.2-187.01. Certificate of analysis as evidence of chain of custody of material described

- 51 Members of the Committee shall be paid reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the
  52 performance of their duties, and shall receive compensation for their services as provided in §§ 2.2-2813
  53 and 2.2-2825.
- 54
- 55 therein.

56 A report of analysis duly attested by the person performing such analysis or examination in any 57 laboratory operated by (i) the Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services, the Department of Forensic 58 Science or any of its regional laboratories, or by any laboratory authorized by such Division or Department 59 to conduct such analysis or examination; (ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation; (iii) the federal Bureau 60 of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms; (iv) the Naval Criminal Investigative Service; (v) the federal Drug 61 Enforcement Administration; (vi) the United States Postal Service; (vii) the U.S. Secret Service; or (viii) 62 the Forensic Document Laboratory of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security shall be prima facie 63 evidence in a criminal or civil proceeding as to the custody of the material described therein from the time 64 such material is received by an authorized agent of such laboratory until such material is released 65 subsequent to such analysis or examination. Any such certificate of analysis purporting to be signed by 66 any such person shall be admissible as evidence in such hearing or trial without any proof of the seal or 67 signature or of the official character of the person whose name is signed to it. The signature of the person 68 who received the material for the laboratory on the request for laboratory examination form or evidence 69 submission receipt, either by hand or by electronic means, shall be deemed prima facie evidence that the 70 person receiving the material was an authorized agent and that such receipt constitutes proper receipt by 71 the laboratory for purposes of this section. For purposes of this section, any laboratory that has entered 72 into a contract with the Department of Forensic Science for the provision of forensic laboratory services 73 shall be deemed authorized by the Department to conduct such analyses or examinations.

74

#### § 19.2-270.5. DNA profile admissible in criminal proceeding.

In any criminal proceeding, DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) testing shall be deemed to be a reliable
scientific technique and the evidence of a DNA profile comparison may be admitted to prove or disprove
the identity of any person. This section shall not otherwise limit the introduction of any relevant evidence

3

#### 24106203D

bearing upon any question at issue before the court, including the accuracy and reliability of the procedures
employed in the collection and analysis of a particular DNA sample. The court shall, regardless of the
results of the DNA analysis, if any, consider such other relevant evidence of the identity of the accused as
shall be admissible in evidence.

82 At least-twenty one 21 days prior to commencement of the proceeding in which the results of a 83 DNA analysis will be offered as evidence, the party intending to offer the evidence shall notify the 84 opposing party, in writing, of the intent to offer the analysis and shall provide or make available copies of 85 the profiles and the report or statement to be introduced. In the event that such notice is not given, and the 86 person proffers such evidence, then the court may in its discretion either allow the opposing party a 87 continuance or, under appropriate circumstances, bar the person from presenting such evidence. The 88 period of any such continuance shall not be counted for speedy trial purposes under § 19.2-243. If the 89 opposing party intends to object to the admissibility of such evidence he shall give written notice of that 90 fact and the basis for his objections at least ten 10 days prior to commencement of the proceedings.

91 Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of the parties to obtain additional
 92 writings or documents, including the profiles, used to reach the conclusion in the report pursuant to § 19.2 93 187.2.

94

### § 19.2-310.4. Procedures for conducting DNA analysis of blood, saliva or tissue sample.

95 Whether or not the results of an analysis are to be included in the data bank, the Department shall 96 conduct the DNA analysis in accordance with procedures adopted by the Department to determine 97 identification characteristics specific to the individual whose sample is being analyzed. The Director or 98 his designated representative shall complete and maintain on file a form indicating the name of the person 99 whose sample is to be analyzed, the date and by whom the blood, saliva or tissue sample was received and 100 examined, and a statement that the seal on the tube or envelope containing the sample had not been broken 101 or otherwise tampered with. The remainder of a blood, saliva or tissue sample submitted for analysis and 102 inclusion in the data bank pursuant to § 19.2-310.2 or 19.2-310.2:1 may be divided, labeled as provided 103 for the original sample, and securely stored by the Department in accordance with specific procedures 104 adopted by regulation of the Department to ensure the integrity and confidentiality of the samples. All or

4

part of the remainder of that sample may be used only (i) to create a statistical-data base database provided
no identifying information on the individual whose sample is being analyzed is included or (ii) for retesting
by the Department to validate or update the original analysis.

A report of the results of a DNA analysis conducted by the Department as authorized, including the profile and identifying information, shall be made and maintained at the Department. A certificate and the results of the analysis shall be admissible in any court as evidence of the facts therein stated. Except as specifically provided in this section and § 19.2-310.5, the results of the analysis shall be securely stored and shall remain confidential.

113

# § 19.2-310.5. DNA data bank.

114 A. It shall be the duty of the Department to receive samples of human biological evidence and to 115 analyze, classify, and file the results of DNA identification characteristics profiles of samples of human 116 biological evidence submitted pursuant to § 19.2-310.2 or 19.2-310.2:1 and to make such information 117 available as provided in this section. The results of an analysis and comparison of evidence submitted to 118 the Department pursuant to § 9.1-1101 to the identification characteristics of human biological evidence 119 so analyzed, classified, and filed shall be made available directly to duly authorized members of federal, 120 state, and local law-enforcement agencies or private police departments that have been designated as 121 criminal justice agencies by the Department of Criminal Justice Services as defined by § 9.1-101, attorneys 122 for the Commonwealth or attorneys for the United States Department of Justice, or the Office of the Chief 123 Medical Examiner upon request made in furtherance of an official investigation or prosecution of any 124 criminal offense, or to an accused or his attorney pursuant to § 9.1-1104. The Department shall confirm 125 whether or not there is a DNA profile on file for a specific individual if a federal, state, or local law-126 enforcement officer or any federal, state, or local criminal justice agency that participates in the National 127 DNA Index System requests that information in furtherance of an official investigation of any criminal 128 offense. For law-enforcement identification purposes, the Department shall provide to any federal, state, 129 or local criminal justice agency that participates in the National DNA Index System the personally 130 identifiable information for any confirmed candidate match associated with a DNA data bank record. The

name of the requestor and the purpose for which the information is requested shall be maintained on filewith the Department.

B. The Department shall adopt regulations governing (i) the methods of obtaining information
from the data bank in accordance with this section and (ii) procedures for verification of the identity and
authority of the requestor. The Department shall specify the positions in that agency which require regular
access to the data bank and samples submitted as a necessary function of the job.

C. The Department shall create a separate statistical-data base database comprised of DNA profiles
of samples of human biological evidence of persons whose identity is unknown. Nothing in this section
or § 19.2-310.6 shall prohibit the Department from sharing or otherwise disseminating the information in
the statistical-data base database with law-enforcement or criminal justice agencies within or without the
Commonwealth.

- 142 D. The Department may charge a reasonable fee to search and provide a comparative analysis of143 DNA profiles in the data bank to any authorized law-enforcement agency outside of the Commonwealth.
- 144

## § 19.2-310.6. Unauthorized uses of DNA data bank; forensic samples; penalties.

Any person who, without authority, disseminates information contained in the data bank-shall be
is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. Any person who disseminates, receives, or otherwise uses or attempts
to so use information in the data bank, knowing that such dissemination, receipt, or use is for a purpose
other than as authorized by law, shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Any person who receives information pursuant to § 19.2-270.5, 19.2-310.4, or 19.2-310.5 and
 discloses such information to any third party who is not an agent or employee of the parties or an expert
 witness or without a valid court order is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Except as authorized by law, any person who, for purposes of having DNA analysis performed,
obtains or attempts to obtain any sample submitted to the Department of Forensic Science for analysis
shall be is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

155

#

6