1	HOUSE BILL NO. 649
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the House Committee on Education
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteDelegate Carr)
6	A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 22.1-217.04, relating to language
7	development for children who are deaf or hard of hearing; assessment resources for parents and
8	educators; advisory committee; report.
9	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
10	1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 22.1-217.04 as follows:
11	§ 22.1-217.04. Language development for children who are deaf or hard of hearing;
12	assessment resources for parents and educators; advisory committee; report.
13	A. For the purposes of this section, "language developmental milestones" means milestones of
14	development aligned to the existing instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities
15	pursuant to federal law.
16	B. The Department, in coordination with the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and
17	the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall establish an advisory committee
18	for the purpose of soliciting input from members on the selection of language developmental milestones
19	for inclusion in a resource for use by parents of a child from birth to age five who is identified as deaf or
20	hard of hearing to monitor and track the child's expressive and receptive language acquisition and
21	developmental stages toward English literacy. The advisory committee shall consist of 10 nonlegislative
22	citizen members, the majority of whom shall be deaf or hard of hearing and all of whom shall have
23	experience in the field of education of individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing, and shall include
24	parents of individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing. The advisory committee shall have a balance of
25	members who personally, professionally, or parentally use the dual languages of American Sign Language

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26	and English and members who personally, professionally, or parentally use only spoken English. The
27	advisory committee may include the following:
28	1. One parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing and who uses the dual languages of
29	American Sign Language and English.
30	2. One parent of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing and who uses spoken English, with or
31	without visual supplements.
32	3. One credentialed teacher of students who are deaf or hard of hearing and who use the dual
33	languages of American Sign Language and English.
34	4. One credentialed teacher of students who are deaf and hard of hearing who teaches at an
35	accredited private, nonsectarian elementary or secondary school.
36	5. One credentialed teacher of deaf and hard-of-hearing students whose expertise is in curriculum
37	and instruction in American Sign Language and English.
38	6. One credentialed teacher of deaf and hard-of-hearing students whose expertise is in curriculum
39	and instruction in spoken English, with or without visual supplements.
40	7. One advocate for the teaching and use of the dual languages of American Sign Language and
41	English for children who are deaf or hard of hearing.
42	8. One advocate for the teaching and use of spoken English, with or without visual supplements.
43	9. One credentialed teacher of deaf and hard-of-hearing students or an early intervention specialist
44	whose expertise is in American Sign Language and English language assessment.
45	10. One speech pathologist who uses spoken English, with or without the use of visual
46	supplements.
47	C. No later than March 1, 2023, the Department, in coordination with the Department for the Deaf
48	and Hard-of-Hearing and the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall provide
49	the advisory committee established pursuant to subsection B with a list of all existing language
50	developmental milestones from standardized norms and any relevant information regarding such language
51	developmental milestones for possible inclusion in the parent resource set forth in subsection D. No later
52	than June 1, 2023, the advisory committee shall recommend language developmental milestones for

53	inclusion in the parent resource and may make recommendations for tools or assessments to be included
54	in an educator resource set forth in subsection E for use in assessing the language and literacy development
55	of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing. No later than June 30, 2023, the
56	Department, in coordination with the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and the Department
57	of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall select language developmental milestones for
58	inclusion in the parent resource and inform the advisory committee of its selections.
59	D. The Department, in coordination the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and the
60	Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall, after considering the
61	recommendations submitted by the advisory committee, select language developmental milestones for
62	inclusion in a resource, and develop such resource, for use by parents of a child from birth to age five who
63	is identified as deaf or hard of hearing to monitor and track the child's expressive and receptive language
64	acquisition and developmental stages toward English literacy. Such parent resource shall:
65	1. Be appropriate for use, in both content and administration, with children who use American
66	Sign Language, English, or both;
67	2. Present the language development milestones selected pursuant to subsection C in terms of
68	typical development of all children in a particular age range;
69	3. Be written for clarity and ease of use by parents;
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	4. Be aligned to the Department's existing infant, toddler, and preschool guidelines; the existing
71	4. Be aligned to the Department's existing infant, toddler, and preschool guidelines; the existing instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law; and state
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	instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law; and state
72	instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law; and state standards in English language arts;
72 73	instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law; and state standards in English language arts; 5. Make clear that parents have the right to select American Sign Language, English, or both for
72 73 74	instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law; and state standards in English language arts; 5. Make clear that parents have the right to select American Sign Language, English, or both for their child's language acquisition and developmental milestones;
72 73 74 75	instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law; and state standards in English language arts; 5. Make clear that parents have the right to select American Sign Language, English, or both for their child's language acquisition and developmental milestones; 6. Make clear that the parent resource is not a formal assessment of language and literacy

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79	7. Explain that parents may bring the parent resource to an IFSP or IEP meeting for purposes of
80	sharing their observations about their child's development; and
81	8. Include fair, balanced, and comprehensive information about American Sign Language and
82	English and respective communication modes as well as available services and programs.
83	The Department, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of
84	Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall jointly disseminate the resource to parents of
85	children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing.
86	E. The Department, in coordination with the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and
87	the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, shall, after considering any
88	recommendations submitted by the advisory committee, select existing tools or assessments for early
89	intervention specialists and educators for use in assessing the language and literacy development of
90	children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing. Such tools or assessments shall:
91	1. Be in a format that shows stages of language and literacy development;
92	2. Be selected for use by educators to track the expressive and receptive language acquisition and
93	developmental stages toward English literacy of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of
94	hearing; and
95	3. Be appropriate, in both content and administration, for use with children who are deaf or hard
96	of hearing and who use American Sign Language, English, or both.
97	The Department, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of
98	Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall jointly disseminate the tools or assessments selected
99	pursuant to this subsection to local educational agencies and provide materials and training on their use.
100	Such tools or assessments may be used by a child's IFSP or IEP team, as applicable, to track the expressive
101	and receptive language acquisition and developmental stages toward English literacy of such child or to
102	establish or modify IFSP or IEP plans.
103	F. In addition to the powers and duties set forth above, the advisory committee may:
104	1. Advise the Department, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department
105	of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or its contractor on the content and administration of

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106 the existing instrument used to assess the development of children who are deaf or hard of hearing in order 107 to ensure the appropriate use of such instrument for the assessment of the language and literacy 108 development of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing; and 109 2. Make recommendations regarding future research to improve the measurement of the language 110 and literacy development of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing. 111 G. If a child from birth to age five who is deaf or hard of hearing does not demonstrate progress in 112 expressive and receptive language skills as measured by one of the educator tools or assessments selected 113 pursuant to subsection E or by the existing instrument used to assess the development of children who are 114 deaf or hard of hearing, such child's IFSP or IEP team, as applicable, shall explain in detail the reasons 115 why the child is not meeting or progressing toward the language developmental milestones and shall 116 recommend specific strategies, services, and programs that shall be provided to assist the child's progress 117 toward English literacy. 118 H. No later than August 1, 2023, and no later than August 1 of each year thereafter, the Department, 119 in coordination with the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing and the Department of Behavioral 120 Health and Developmental Services, shall produce a report, using existing data reported in compliance 121 with the federally required state performance plan on students with disabilities, that compares the language 122 and literacy development of children from birth to age five who are deaf or hard of hearing with the 123 language and literacy development of their peers who are not deaf or hard of hearing and shall make such 124 report available to the public on its website. 125 I. The Department, the Department for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing, and the Department of 126 Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall comply with the provisions of the federal Individuals 127 with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1400 et seq.) and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy 128 Act (20 U.S.C. § 1232g) in carrying out the provisions of this section. #

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