1	HOUSE BILL NO. 652
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the House Committee on Commerce and Energy
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to SubstituteDelegate Wampler)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 60.2-110, 60.2-116, 60.2-612, 60.2-613, 60.2-619, as it is currently
7	effective and as it shall become effective, and 60.2-631 of the Code of Virginia, relating to
8	unemployment compensation; notice of hearing prior to discontinuing benefits; overpayment
9	forgiveness; benefit eligibility; emergency.
10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That §§ 60.2-110, 60.2-116, 60.2-612, 60.2-613, 60.2-619, as it is currently effective and as it shall
12	become effective, and 60.2-631 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
13	§ 60.2-110. State Job Service and Unemployment Insurance Services Division.
14	The Commission may establish two coordinate divisions: the Virginia State Job Service, created
15	pursuant to § 60.2-400, and the Unemployment Insurance Services Division. Each division shall be
16	responsible for the discharge of its distinctive functions. Each division shall be a separate administrative
17	unit, with respect to personnel, budget, and duties, except insofar as the Commission may find that such
18	separation is impracticable. In lieu, however, of establishing the two divisions the Commission may
19	cooperate with and utilize the personnel and services of employment offices or services operated by the
20	United States or any of its authorized agencies but only to the extent necessary for the federal employment
21	offices or services to perform the functions imposed upon employment offices by § 60.2-601 and
22	subdivision <u>A</u> 5 of § 60.2-612.
23	§ 60.2-116. Reciprocal agreements.

A. Subject to the approval of the Governor, the Commission is hereby authorized to enter into arrangements with the appropriate agencies of other states or the federal government whereby individuals performing services in this and other states for a single employing unit under circumstances not 27 specifically provided for in §§ 60.2-212 through 60.2-219, or under similar provisions in the 28 unemployment compensation laws of such other states, shall be deemed to be engaged in employment 29 performed entirely within this Commonwealth or within one of such other states. Such arrangements may 30 set forth terms whereby the potential right to benefits accumulated under the unemployment compensation 31 laws of one or more states or under such a law of the federal government, or both, may constitute the basis 32 for the payment of benefits through a single appropriate agency of any state under terms which the 33 Commission finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests and will not result in any 34 substantial loss to the fund.

B. Subject to the approval of the Governor, the Commission is also authorized to enter intoarrangements with the appropriate agencies of other states or of the federal government:

1. a. Whereby wages or services, upon the basis of which an individual may become entitled to
benefits under the unemployment compensation law of another state or of the federal government, shall
be deemed to be wages for employment by employers for the purposes of §§ 60.2-602, 60.2-606, 60.2607, 60.2-609, 60.2-610, 60.2-611, subdivision <u>A</u> 1 of § 60.2-612 and §§ 60.2-614 through 60.2-617,
provided such other state agency or agency of the federal government has agreed to reimburse the fund
for such portion of benefits paid under this title upon the basis of such wages or services as the Commission
finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests; and

b. Whereby the Commission will reimburse other state or federal agencies charged with the
administration of unemployment compensation laws with such reasonable portion of benefits, paid under
the law of any such other states or of the federal government upon the basis of employment or wages for
employment by employers, as the Commission finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests.

2. Reimbursements so payable under subdivision 1 b of this subsection shall be deemed to be benefits for the purposes of §§ 60.2-300 through 60.2-304, but no reimbursement so payable shall be charged against any employer's account for the purposes of §§ 60.2-526 through 60.2-531. The Commission is hereby authorized to make to other state or federal agencies and receive from such other state or federal agencies, reimbursements from or to the fund, in accordance with arrangements pursuant to this section.

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C. Subject to the approval of the Governor, the Commission is also authorized to enter into arrangements with the appropriate agencies of other states or of the federal government:

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1. Whereby the Commission may deduct, in accordance with the provisions of § 60.2-633, from unemployment benefits otherwise payable to an individual an amount equal to any overpayment made to such individual under an unemployment benefit program of the United States or of any other state, and not previously recovered. The amount so deducted shall be paid to the jurisdiction under whose program such overpayment was made and in accordance with the arrangement between the Commission and the jurisdiction.

62 2. Whereby the United States agrees to allow the Commission to recover from unemployment
63 benefits otherwise payable to an individual under an unemployment benefit program of the United States
64 any overpayments made by the Commission to such individual under this title and not previously
65 recovered, in accordance with the same procedures that apply under subdivision 1 of this subsection.

3. The amendments made by this subsection shall apply to recoveries made on or after July 1,1987, and shall apply with respect to overpayments made before, on, or after such date.

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§ 60.2-612. Benefit eligibility conditions.

69 <u>A.</u> An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits for any week only if the
70 Commission finds that:

1. He has, in the highest two quarters of earnings within his base period, been paid wages in employment for employers that are equal to not less than the lowest amount appearing in Column A of the "Benefit Table" appearing in § 60.2-602 on the line which extends through Division C and on which in Column B of the "Benefit Table" appears his weekly benefit amount. Such wages shall be earned in not less than two quarters.

2. a. His total or partial unemployment is not due to a labor dispute in active progress or to shutdown or start-up operations caused by such dispute which exists (i) at the factory, establishment, or other premises, including a vessel, at which he is or was last employed, or (ii) at a factory, establishment or other premises, including a vessel, either within or without this Commonwealth, which (a) is owned or operated by the same employing unit which owns or operates the premises at which he is or was last

employed and (b) supplies materials or services necessary to the continued and usual operation of the
premises at which he is or was last employed. This subdivision shall not apply if it is shown to the
satisfaction of the Commission that:

84 (1) He is not participating in or financing or directly interested in the labor dispute; and

85 (2) He does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which, immediately before the
86 commencement of the labor dispute, there were members employed at the premises, including a vessel, at
87 which the labor dispute occurs, any of whom are participating in or financing or directly interested in the
88 dispute.

b. If separate branches of work which are commonly conducted as separate businesses at separate
premises are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the
purposes of this subdivision, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment or other premises.
Membership in a union, or the payment of regular dues to a bona fide labor organization, however, shall
not alone constitute financing a labor dispute.

94 3. He is not receiving, has not received or is not seeking unemployment benefits under an
95 unemployment compensation law of any other state or of the United States; however, if the appropriate
96 agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that he is not entitled to such
97 unemployment benefits, this subdivision shall not apply.

98 4. He is not on a bona fide paid vacation. If an individual is paid vacation pay for any week in an
99 amount less than the individual's weekly benefit amount his eligibility for benefits shall be computed
100 under the provisions of § 60.2-603.

5. He has registered for work and thereafter has continued to report at an employment office in
accordance with such regulations as the Commission may prescribe. The Commission may, by regulation,
waive or alter either or both of the requirements of this subdivision for certain types of cases when it finds
that compliance with such requirements would be oppressive, or would be inconsistent with the purposes
of this title.

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6. He has made a claim for benefits in accordance with regulations the Commission may prescribe.

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107 7. a. He is able to work, is available for work, and is actively seeking and unable to obtain suitable 108 work. Every claimant who is totally unemployed shall report to the Commission the names of employers 109 contacted each week in his effort to obtain work. This information may be subject to employer verification 110 by the Commission through a program designed for that purpose. The Commission may determine that 111 registration by a claimant with the Virginia State Job Service may constitute a valid employer contact and 112 satisfy the search for work requirement of this subsection in labor market areas where job opportunities 113 are limited. The Commission may determine that an individual, whose usual and customary means of 114 soliciting work in his occupation is through contact with a single hiring hall which makes contacts with 115 multiple employers on behalf of the claimant, meets the requirement that he be actively seeking and unable 116 to obtain suitable work by contacting that hiring hall alone. In areas of high unemployment, as determined 117 by the Commission, the Commission has the authority to adjust the requirement that he be actively seeking 118 and unable to obtain suitable work.

b. An individual who leaves the normal labor market area of the individual for the major portion
of any week is presumed to be unavailable for work within the meaning of this section. This presumption
may be overcome if the individual establishes to the satisfaction of the Commission that the individual
has conducted a bona fide search for work and has been reasonably accessible to suitable work in the labor
market area in which the individual spent the major portion of the week to which the presumption applies.

c. An individual whose type of work is such that it is performed by individuals working two or
more shifts in a 24-hour period shall not be deemed unavailable for work if the individual is currently
enrolled in one or more classes of education related to employment or is continuing in a certificate or
degree program at an institution of higher education, provided that the enrollment would only limit the
individual's availability for one shift and the individual is otherwise available to work any of the other
shifts.

8. He has given notice of resignation to his employer and the employer subsequently made the
termination of employment effective prior to the date of termination as given in the notice, but in no case
shall unemployment compensation benefits awarded under this subdivision exceed two weeks; provided,

that the claimant could not establish good cause for leaving work pursuant to § 60.2-618 and was notdischarged for misconduct as provided in § 60.2-618.

135 9. Beginning January 6, 1991, he has served a waiting period of one week during which he was 136 eligible for benefits under this section in all other respects and has not received benefits, except that only 137 one waiting week shall be required of such individual within any benefit year. For claims filed effective 138 November 28, 1999, and after, this requirement shall be waived for any individual whose unemployment 139 was caused by his employer terminating operations, closing its business or declaring bankruptcy without 140 paying the final wages earned as required by § 40.1-29 of the Code of Virginia. Notwithstanding any other 141 provision of this title, if an employer who terminates operations, closes its business or declares bankruptcy 142 pays an individual his final wages after the period of time prescribed by § 40.1-29 of the Code of Virginia, 143 such payment shall not be offset against the benefits the individual was otherwise entitled to receive and 144 shall not, under any circumstances, cause such individual to be declared overpaid benefits.

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10. He is not imprisoned or confined in jail.

146 11. He participates in reemployment services, such as job search assistance services, if he has been
147 determined to be likely to exhaust regular benefits and need reemployment services pursuant to a profiling
148 system established by the Commission, unless the Commission determines that (i) such claimant has
149 completed such services or (ii) there is good cause for such claimant's failure to participate in such
150 services.

B. Prior to any individual's receiving benefits under this chapter, the Commission shall conduct an
 incarceration check and an employment identification check to verify the status of the unemployed
 individual seeking a claim for benefits.

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§ 60.2-613. Benefits not denied to individuals in training with approval of Commission.

A. No otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any week because he is in training with the approval of the Commission, including training under Section 134 of the Workforce Investment Act, nor shall such individual be denied benefits for any week in which he is in training with the approval of the Commission, including training under Section 134 of the Workforce Investment Act, by reason of the application of the provisions in subdivision<u>A</u> 7 of § 60.2-612 relating to availability for work, or the

provisions of subdivision 3 of § 60.2-618 relating to failure to apply for, or a refusal to accept, suitablework.

B. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no otherwise eligible individual shall be
denied benefits for any week because he is in training approved under § 2296 of the Trade Act (19 U.S.C.
§ 2101 et seq.), nor shall such individual be denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter such
training, provided the work left is not suitable employment, or because of the application to any such week
in training of provisions in this law (or any applicable federal unemployment compensation law), relating
to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to accept work.

168 C. For purposes of this section, "suitable employment" means, with respect to an individual, work 169 of a substantially equal or higher skill level than the individual's past adversely affected employment, as 170 defined for purposes of the Trade Act, and wages for such work at not less than eighty percent of the 171 individual's average weekly wage as determined for the purposes of the Trade Act.

172 § 60.2-619. (Effective until July 1, 2022) Determinations and decisions by deputy; appeals
173 therefrom.

A. 1. A representative designated by the Commission as a deputy, shall promptly examine theclaim. On the basis of the facts found by him, the deputy shall either:

a. Determine whether or not such claim is valid, and if valid, the week with respect to whichbenefits shall commence, the weekly benefit amount payable and the maximum duration thereof; or

b. Refer such claim or any question involved therein to any appeal tribunal or to the Commission,
which tribunal or Commission shall make its determination in accordance with the procedure described
in § 60.2-620.

2. When the payment or denial of benefits will be determined by the provisions of subdivision <u>A</u>
2 of § 60.2-612, the deputy shall promptly transmit his full finding of fact with respect to that subdivision
to any appeal tribunal, which shall make its determination in accordance with the procedure described in
§ 60.2-620.

185 B. Upon the filing of an initial claim for benefits, the Commission shall cause an informatory186 notice of such filing to be mailed to the most recent 30-day or 240-hour employing unit of the claimant

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187 and all subsequent employing units, and any reimbursable employing units that may be liable for 188 reimbursement to the Commission for any benefits paid. However, the failure to furnish such notice shall 189 not have any effect upon the claim for benefits. If a claimant has had a determination of initial eligibility 190 for benefits under this chapter, as evidenced by the issuance of compensation or waiting-week credit, 191 payments shall continue, subject to a presumption of continued eligibility and in accordance with the terms 192 of this subsection, until a determination is made that provides the claimant notice and an opportunity to 193 be heard. When a question concerning continued eligibility for benefits arises, a determination shall be 194 made as to whether it affects future weeks of benefits or only past weeks. With respect to future weeks, 195 presumptive payment shall not be made until but no later than the end of the week following the week in 196 which such issue arises, regardless of the type of issue. With respect to past weeks, presumptive payment 197 shall be issued immediately, regardless of the type of issue. Notice shall be given to individuals who 198 receive payments under such presumption that pending eligibility may affect their entitlement to the 199 payment and may result in an overpayment that requires repayment.

200 C. Notice of determination upon a claim shall be promptly given to the claimant by delivering or 201 by mailing such notice to the claimant's last known address. In addition, notice of any determination that 202 involves the application of the provisions of § 60.2-618, together with the reasons therefor, shall be 203 promptly given in the same manner to the most recent 30-day or 240-hour employing unit by whom the 204 claimant was last employed and any subsequent employing unit which is a party. The Commission may 205 dispense with the giving of notice of any determination to any employing unit, and such employing unit 206 shall not be entitled to such notice if it has failed to respond timely or adequately to a written request of 207 the Commission for information, as required by § 60.2-528.1, from which the deputy may have determined 208 that the claimant may be ineligible or disqualified under any provision of this title. The deputy shall 209 promptly notify the claimant of any decision made by him at any time which in any manner denies benefits 210 to the claimant for one or more weeks.

D. Such determination or decision shall be final unless the claimant or any such employing unit
 files an appeal from such determination or decision (i) within 30 calendar days after the delivery of such
 notification, (ii) within 30 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last known address, or

(iii) within 30 days after such notification was mailed to the last known address of an interstate claimant.For good cause shown, the 30-day period may be extended.

216 E. Benefits shall be paid promptly in accordance with a determination or redetermination under 217 this chapter, or decision of an appeal tribunal, the Commission, the Board of Review or a reviewing court 218 under §§ 60.2-625 and 60.2-631 upon the issuance of such determination, redetermination or decision, 219 regardless of the pendency of the period to file an appeal or petition for judicial review that is provided in 220 this chapter, or the pendency of any such appeal or review. Such benefits shall be paid unless or until such 221 determination, redetermination or decision has been modified or reversed by a subsequent redetermination 222 or decision, in which event benefits shall be paid or denied for weeks of unemployment thereafter in 223 accordance with such modifying or reversing redetermination or decision. If a decision of an appeal 224 tribunal allowing benefits is affirmed in any amount by the Commission, benefits shall continue to be paid 225 until such time as a court decision has become final so that no further appeal can be taken. If an appeal is 226 taken from the Commission's decision, benefits paid shall result in a benefit charge to the account of the 227 employer under § 60.2-530 only when, and as of the date on which, as the result of an appeal, the courts 228 finally determine that the Commission should have awarded benefits to the claimant or claimants involved 229 in such appeal.

230 § 60.2-619. (Effective July 1, 2022) Determinations and decisions by deputy; appeals 231 therefrom.

- A. 1. A representative designated by the Commission as a deputy, shall promptly examine theclaim. On the basis of the facts found by him, the deputy shall either:
- a. Determine whether or not such claim is valid, and if valid, the week with respect to whichbenefits shall commence, the weekly benefit amount payable and the maximum duration thereof; or
- b. Refer such claim or any question involved therein to any appeal tribunal or to the Commission,
 which tribunal or Commission shall make its determination in accordance with the procedure described
 in § 60.2-620.
- 239 2. When the payment or denial of benefits will be determined by the provisions of subdivision <u>A</u>
 240 2 of § 60.2-612, the deputy shall promptly transmit his full finding of fact with respect to that subdivision

to any appeal tribunal, which shall make its determination in accordance with the procedure described in§ 60.2-620.

B. Upon the filing of an initial claim for benefits, the Commission shall cause an informatory
notice of such filing to be mailed to the most recent 30-day or 240-hour employing unit of the claimant
and all subsequent employing units, and any reimbursable employing units which may be liable for
reimbursement to the Commission for any benefits paid. However, the failure to furnish such notice shall
not have any effect upon the claim for benefits.

248 C. Notice of determination upon a claim shall be promptly given to the claimant by delivering or 249 by mailing such notice to the claimant's last known address. In addition, notice of any determination which 250 involves the application of the provisions of § 60.2-618, together with the reasons therefor, shall be 251 promptly given in the same manner to the most recent 30-day or 240-hour employing unit by whom the 252 claimant was last employed and any subsequent employing unit which is a party. The Commission may 253 dispense with the giving of notice of any determination to any employing unit, and such employing unit 254 shall not be entitled to such notice if it has failed to respond timely or adequately to a written request of 255 the Commission for information, as required by § 60.2-528.1, from which the deputy may have determined 256 that the claimant may be ineligible or disqualified under any provision of this title. The deputy shall 257 promptly notify the claimant of any decision made by him at any time which in any manner denies benefits 258 to the claimant for one or more weeks.

D. Such determination or decision shall be final unless the claimant or any such employing unit
files an appeal from such determination or decision (i) within 30 calendar days after the delivery of such
notification, (ii) within 30 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last known address, or
(iii) within 30 days after such notification was mailed to the last known address of an interstate claimant.
For good cause shown, the 30-day period may be extended.

E. Benefits shall be paid promptly in accordance with a determination or redetermination under this chapter, or decision of an appeal tribunal, the Commission, the Board of Review or a reviewing court under §§ 60.2-625 and 60.2-631 upon the issuance of such determination, redetermination or decision, regardless of the pendency of the period to file an appeal or petition for judicial review that is provided in

268 this chapter, or the pendency of any such appeal or review. Such benefits shall be paid unless or until such 269 determination, redetermination or decision has been modified or reversed by a subsequent redetermination 270 or decision, in which event benefits shall be paid or denied for weeks of unemployment thereafter in 271 accordance with such modifying or reversing redetermination or decision. If a decision of an appeal 272 tribunal allowing benefits is affirmed in any amount by the Commission, benefits shall continue to be paid 273 until such time as a court decision has become final so that no further appeal can be taken. If an appeal is 274 taken from the Commission's decision, benefits paid shall result in a benefit charge to the account of the 275 employer under § 60.2-530 only when, and as of the date on which, as the result of an appeal, the courts 276 finally determine that the Commission should have awarded benefits to the claimant or claimants involved 277 in such appeal.

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§ 60.2-631. Board of Review.

279 A. The Commissioner, in his discretion, is hereby authorized to appoint a Board of Review 280 consisting of three members, one of whom shall be designated chairman for a term of six years. The terms 281 of the members first taking office shall be two, four, and six years, respectively, as designated by the 282 Commissioner at the time of the appointment. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the 283 Commissioner for the unexpired term. During his term of membership on the Board no member shall 284 serve as an officer or committee member of any political organization. The members of the Board shall 285 be compensated in a manner determined by the Commission. The Commission shall furnish the Board 286 such stenographic and clerical assistance as the Board may require. All compensation of the members of 287 the Board and all necessary expenses for the operation thereof shall be paid out of the administrative fund 288 provided for in §§ 60.2-306 through 60.2-309 and §§ 60.2-311 through 60.2-313. The Commissioner may 289 at any time, after notice and hearing, remove any member for cause. The Commissioner may, after thirty 290 days' notice to the members of the Board and upon a finding that the Board is no longer needed, abolish 291 the same.

B. 1. The Board shall meet upon the call of the chairman. It shall have the same powers and perform
the same functions vested in the Commission in this title for review of decisions by an appeal tribunal,
including the power to administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, certify to official acts, and

issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers,
correspondence, memoranda and other records deemed necessary as evidence in connection with disputed
claims.

298 2. The Board may hold its hearings in the county or city where the claimant was last employed, 299 except that hearings involving the provisions of subdivision <u>A</u> 2 of § 60.2-612 shall be held in the county 300 or city where the claimant was last employed. When the same or substantially similar evidence is relevant 301 and material to matters in issue in claims by more than one individual or in claims by a single individual 302 with respect to two or more weeks of unemployment, the same time and place for considering each such 303 claim may be fixed, hearings thereon jointly conducted, and a single record of the proceedings made.

304 C. The Commission may issue such regulations as it deems necessary for the procedure of the 305 Board in the conduct of its hearings. During the time the Board is organized under authority of the 306 Commissioner, the Commission shall have no jurisdiction under § 60.2-622. Any decision of the Board 307 shall become final ten days after the date of notification or mailing and judicial review shall be permitted 308 the claimant, the Commission or any interested party claiming to be aggrieved. In any judicial action 309 involving any such decision the Commission shall be represented by the Office of the Attorney General. 310 Any decision of the Board from which no judicial review is sought within the time prescribed in § 60.2-311 625 shall be conclusive against any party to the hearing before the Board and the Commission in any 312 subsequent judicial proceedings involving liability for taxes under this title.

313 D. Within the time specified in § 60.2-625 the Commission, or any party to the proceedings before 314 the Board, may obtain judicial review by filing in the circuit court of the county or city in which the 315 individual who filed the claim was last employed, in the Commonwealth, a petition for review of such 316 decision. In any such proceeding any other party to the proceeding shall be made a party respondent. The 317 Commission shall be deemed to be a party to any such proceeding. The petition need not be verified. A 318 copy of such petition shall be served upon the Commission and each party to the proceeding held before 319 the Board at least thirty days prior to the placing of the petition upon the docket. The mailing of a copy of 320 such petition to each party at his last known address shall be sufficient service. The Commission shall file 321 along with its petition or answer a certified copy of the record of the case, including all documents and

322 papers and a transcript of all testimony taken in the matter, together with the Board's findings, conclusions323 and decision therein.

E. In any proceeding under this section the Board's findings of facts, if supported by the evidence and in the absence of fraud, shall be conclusive and the jurisdiction of the court shall be confined to questions of law. The court may order additional evidence to be taken by the Board, which such additional evidence, findings of fact or conclusions, together with the additional transcript of the record, shall be certified by the chairman of the Board and filed by him with the court. Such petition for review shall be heard in a summary manner and shall have preference over all other cases on the docket, except cases in which the Commonwealth is a party.

331 F. An appeal may be taken from the decision of such court to the Court of Appeals in conformity 332 with Part Five A of the Rules of Supreme Court and other applicable laws. From any such decision 333 involving (i) the provisions of § 60.2-612 or § 60.2-618, (ii) whether an employing unit constitutes an 334 employer or (iii) whether services performed for or in connection with the business of an employing unit 335 constitute employment for such employing unit, the Court of Appeals shall have jurisdiction to review 336 such decision regardless of the amount involved in any claim for benefits. It shall not be necessary, in any 337 proceeding before the Board, to enter exceptions to its ruling, and no bond shall be required upon any 338 appeal to any court. Upon the final determination of such judicial proceeding, the Board shall enter an 339 order in accordance with such determination.

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